

Tropical Cyclone Storm Tide Warning

Response System Handbook

12th Edition



Australian Government
Bureau of Meteorology



Queensland Government

Preface

This Handbook has been jointly prepared by the Queensland Fire and Emergency Services (QFES) under the authority of the *Disaster Management Act 2003* (*the Act*) s. 63, and the Australian Bureau of Meteorology (the Bureau), under the authority of the *Meteorology Act 1955*. The valuable contributions and technical advice in the preparation of this Handbook by the Queensland Department of Science, Information Technology and Innovation (DSITI) are acknowledged.

The Handbook will assist authorities responsible for the preparation and execution of plans dealing with risk to the community from storm surge generated by tropical cyclones in Queensland.

This Handbook replaces all earlier editions dealing with the Tropical Cyclone Storm Tide Warning-Response System in Queensland, and should be used when generating appropriate disaster district and local government disaster management plans for areas at risk from storm tides.

This Handbook complements the Queensland Evacuation Guidelines, which contain information on storm tide warning and evacuation.

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Acronyms



| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Bureau | Bureau of Meteorology |
| DDC | District Disaster Coordinator |
| district group(s) | district disaster management group(s) |
| DDMG | Disaster District Management Group |
| DDO | Declared Disaster Officer |
| DEM | Digital Elevation Model |
| DSITI | Department of Science, Information Technology and Innovation |
| the Act | Disaster Management Act 2003 |
| IGEM | Inspector-General Emergency Management |
| LDMG | Local Disaster Management Group |
| POCC | Protecting our Coastal Communities Project |
| QEG | Queensland Evacuation Guidelines (refer to guidelines at http://www.disaster.qld.gov.au/Disaster-Resources/Documents/2907EMQ_SDMG QLD_Evac%20Guide_web.pdf) |
| QDMA | Queensland Disaster Management Arrangements |
| QDMC | Queensland Disaster Management Committee |
| QFES | Queensland Fire and Emergency Services |
| QPS | Queensland Police Service |
| QTCCC | Queensland Tropical Cyclone Consultative Committee |
| SDC | State Disaster Coordinator |
| SDCC | State Disaster Coordination Centre |
| SDMP | State Disaster Management Plan |
| SES | State Emergency Service |
| SEWS | Standard Emergency Warning Signal (refer to guidelines at http://www.disaster.qld.gov.au/Disaster-Resources/Documents/Standard%20Emergency%20Warning%20Signal%20SEWS.pdf) |
| TCWC | Tropical Cyclone Warning Centre |
| TMST | Theoretical Maximum Storm Tide |

Tidal Levels



| | | |
|------------|----------------------------------|---|
| HAT | Highest Astronomical Tide | The highest water level that can be predicted to occur at a particular site under average weather conditions. <u>This level may not be reached every year.</u> |
| LAT | Lowest Astronomical Tide | The lowest water level that can be predicted to occur at a particular site under average weather conditions. <u>This level may not be reached every year.</u> |
| LWD | Low Water Datum | Low Water Datum was superseded by the Lowest Astronomical Tide Datum in 1994. |
| AHD | Australian Height Datum | Australia's vertical datum which approximates mean sea level. |
| PD | Port Datum | Predicted heights of the Astronomical Tide found in <i>Tide Tables</i> are referenced to Port Datum which is equivalent to LAT. |
| MSL | Mean Sea Level | The average level of the sea over a long period (preferably 18.6 years) or the level of the sea in the absence of tides. |
| MWL | Mean Water Level | The mean surface level as determined by averaging the heights of the water at equal intervals of time. At the shoreline this includes wave setup and storm surge. |
| SWL | Still Water Level | The surface of the water if all wave and wind action were to cease. |

1. Storm Surge, Storm Tide



- 1.1 The main threats from tropical cyclones come specifically from storm surge, high winds and torrential rain. Potentially the most dangerous of these phenomena is the ‘storm surge’.
- 1.2 As a major cyclone approaches the coast, high winds whip up the sea generating currents which push a raised mound of seawater (referred to as a ‘storm surge’) onto the shore. This could be up to 50 kilometres or more across – and up to several metres high.
- 1.3 It is important to understand that a storm surge is not merely a travelling wave of short duration - but a massive three-dimensional movement of seawater that can last several hours. The storm surge comes across the shoreline like a rapidly rising tide. The danger lies in the fact that the sea level could exceed high water mark by some metres and flood coastal land.
- 1.4 The highest storm surges along Queensland’s east coast usually occur on the immediate left hand side (relative to the direction of movement) of a land falling cyclone centre – just outside the eye and within the belt of strongest onshore winds. On Queensland’s east coast, this is usually on the southern side of a land-falling cyclone. In the Gulf of Carpentaria this is usually on the eastern or northern side.
- 1.5 The storm surge height depends on a range of factors including: (a) intensity and size of the cyclone – the stronger the winds the higher the surge; (b) shape of the seafloor – the more gentle the slope the greater the surge; and (c) speed and angle of approach of the cyclone to the coast. The height can be worsened by funnelling effects of bays and estuaries, and river and local flooding caused by torrential rain.
- 1.6 Of most significance is the wind stress on the ocean surface. This produces an elevation of seawater level in areas of onshore winds and a depression in areas of offshore winds. The low pressure in the cyclone has a smaller affect.
- 1.7 Records of Queensland storm surges are very incomplete. The Bathurst Bay cyclone of 1899 allegedly produced a storm surge in excess of 10 metres with 307 lives lost at sea. Note that some recent surveys question this great height. Other notable surges include 3.7 metres at Mackay (1918); 3.6 metres just north of Townsville (Althea 1971); 3.3 metres in Upstart Bay near Ayr (Aivu 1989); 3 metres in the Gulf of Carpentaria (Barry 1996); 2.3 metres at Clump Point (Larry 2006); and 5.3 metres at Cardwell (Yasi 2011).
- 1.8 Storm surges up to 7 metres have been recorded in the eastern Gulf of Carpentaria, but could also occur (rarely) around most of the Gulf and in some east coastal areas with shallow gently sloping seabeds and bays.
- 1.9 Elevated sea levels are also the result of wave action, which is caused by the onshore mass transport of seawater. Note that wave action can have a battering effect on vulnerable structures near the shoreline.
- 1.10 The **storm tide** is the total water level obtained by adding the **storm surge** and **wave setup** to the height of the **astronomical tide** (refer Figure 1a and 1b below).
- 1.11 The **Theoretical Maximum Storm Tide** is determined by considering the worst-case scenario of the maximum potential storm surge coinciding with HAT.

Further information regarding tropical cyclone storm tide can be found at
<http://www.bom.gov.au/cyclone/about/stormsurge.shtml>

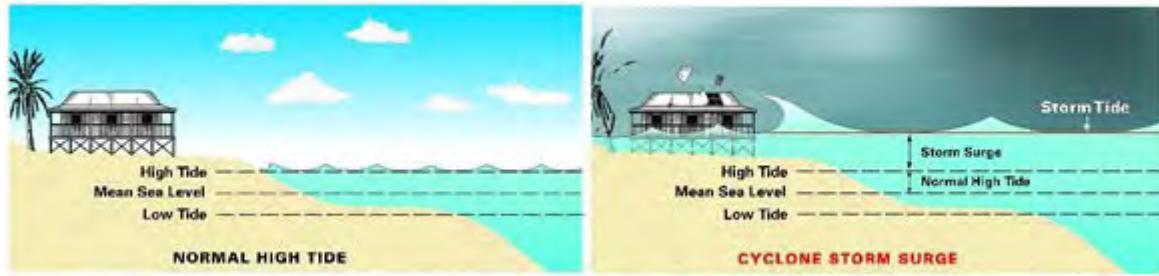


Figure 1a: Depiction of 'normal' high tide, and storm tide¹

*Note: Storm Tide level does not include wave run-up

Storm Tide = Astronomical Tide + Storm Surge + Wave Set Up

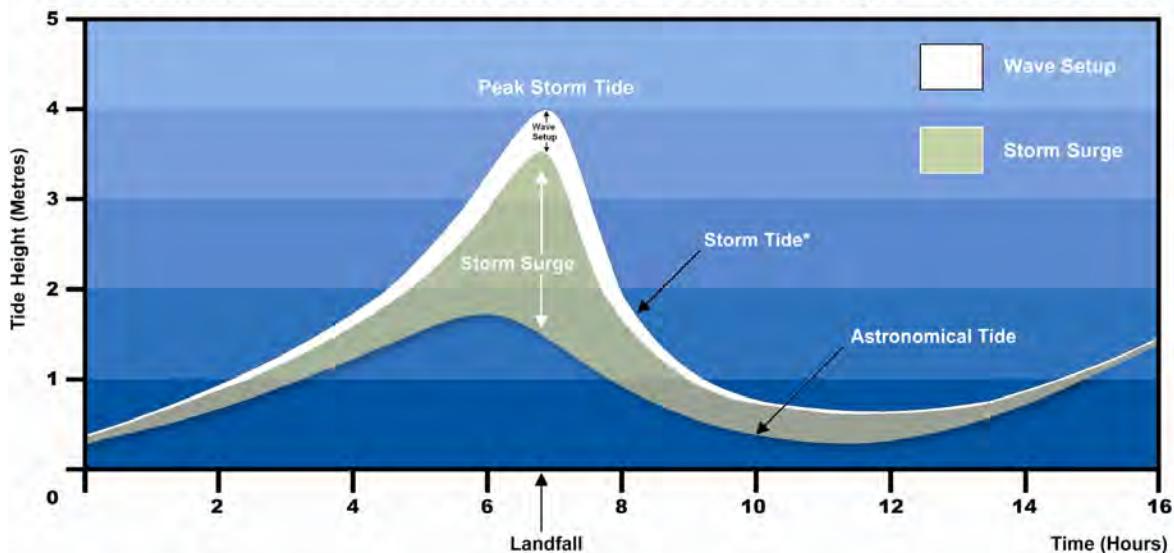


Figure 1b: Time series of a typical storm tide

¹ From <http://www.bom.gov.au/cyclone/about/stormsurge.shtml>

2. Agency Responsibility in Storm Tide Warning and Response

- 2.1 The *Disaster Management Act 2003* (*the Act*) and the Strategic Policy Framework (SPF) guide the Queensland Disaster Management Arrangements (QDMA). The State Disaster Management Plan (SDMP) provides a detailed description of the QDMA. Groups have been established at local, district and state level to provide effective disaster management throughout Queensland. The QDMA structure enables, as required, a progressive escalation of support and assistance through the levels as outlined in Figure 2. More detailed information about these groups can be found in the SDMP.

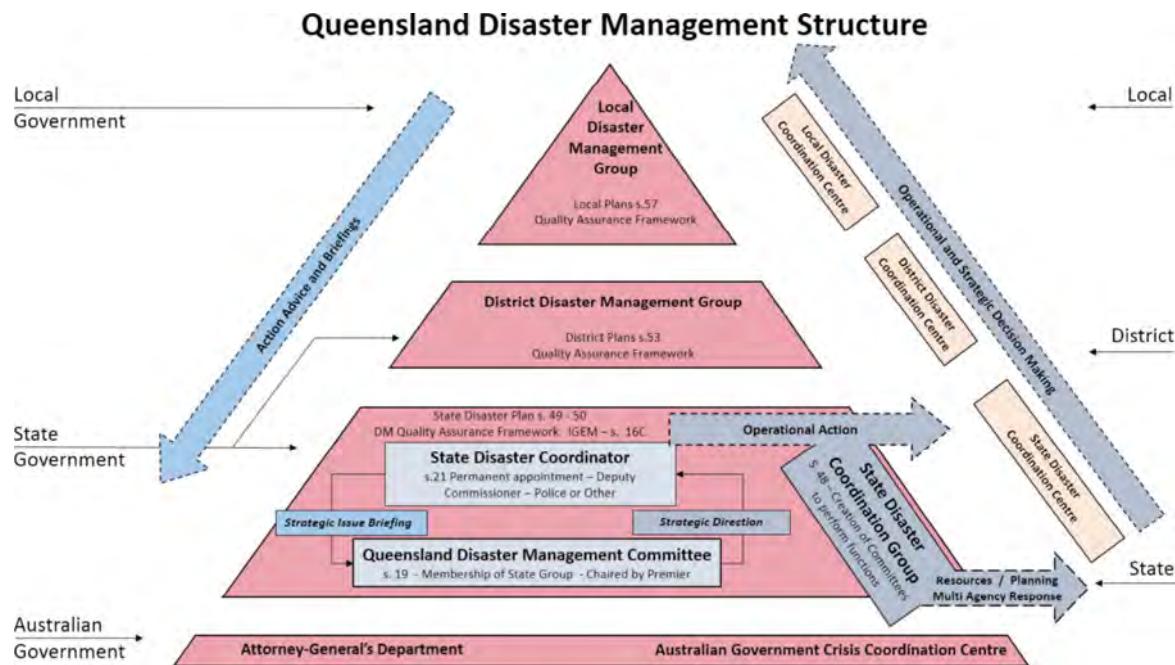


Figure 2: Queensland Disaster Management Arrangement Structure (from SDMP 2015)

- 2.2 Under the provisions of the Act, all District Disaster Management Groups (DDMGs) and Local Disaster Management Groups (LDMGs) are required to prepare disaster management plans to manage possible disasters (from all hazards including storm tide) in their respective areas.
- 2.3 Disaster coordinator roles that support each level of the disaster management arrangements (i.e. local, district and State) are described in Section 4 of this Handbook.
- 2.4 The following paragraphs provide an outline of the agencies involved in the management of a storm tide event in Queensland.
- 2.5 The **Bureau of Meteorology (the Bureau)** is a Commonwealth agency responsible for:
- Provision of forecasts, warnings and long term outlooks on environmental phenomena that affect the safety, prosperity and resilience of Australians;
 - Monitoring the progress of tropical cyclones and issuing public Tropical Cyclone Advises and Storm Tide Warnings as necessary. The Tropical Cyclone Warning Centre (TCWC) in Brisbane is the operational hub; and

- Being available to provide technical warning advice to the local, district and State groups before and during a storm tide event.

2.6 The **Department of Science, Information Technology and Innovation (DSITI)** is responsible for:

- Monitoring water levels using a network of storm tide gauges;
- Liaising with the Bureau to confirm information in Storm Tide Warnings; and
- Being available to provide technical advice on storm tide to the local, district and State groups before and during a storm tide event.

2.7 The **Queensland Fire and Emergency Services (QFES)** are responsible for providing advice and support to the local, district and State groups as per the role and responsibilities in the SDMP. Responsibilities include, but are not limited to:

- Establish and maintain arrangements between the state and Commonwealth about matters relating to effective disaster management.
- Ensure that disaster management and disaster operations in the State are consistent with the State group's strategic policy framework; the State Disaster Management Plan, the disaster management standards and the disaster management guidelines.
- Ensure that persons performing functions under the Act in relation to disaster operations are appropriately trained.
- Provide advice and support to the State group and local and district groups in relation to disaster management and disaster operations.
- Provide situational monitoring of events and incidents across the State via the SDCC Watchdesk.

2.8 The **Queensland Police Service (QPS)** responsibilities include, but are not limited to:

- Coordinate evacuation operations.
- Coordinate the review and renewal of the SDMP.
- Command the SDCC on activation.
- Command the SDCC capabilities of operations and intelligence on activation.
- Coordinate the review and renewal of the SDMP.

2.9 The **Inspector-General Emergency Management (IGEM)** is responsible for providing the Premier, Government and people of Queensland an assurance of public safety, through the establishment and implementation of an assurance framework to direct, guide and focus work of all agencies, across all tiers of Government to the desired outcomes of the disaster and emergency management arrangements for Queensland. The functions of the Inspector-General Emergency Management and the Office of the Inspector-General Emergency Management are prescribed in the Disaster Management Act 2003.

Tropical Cyclone Storm Tide Warning-Response System

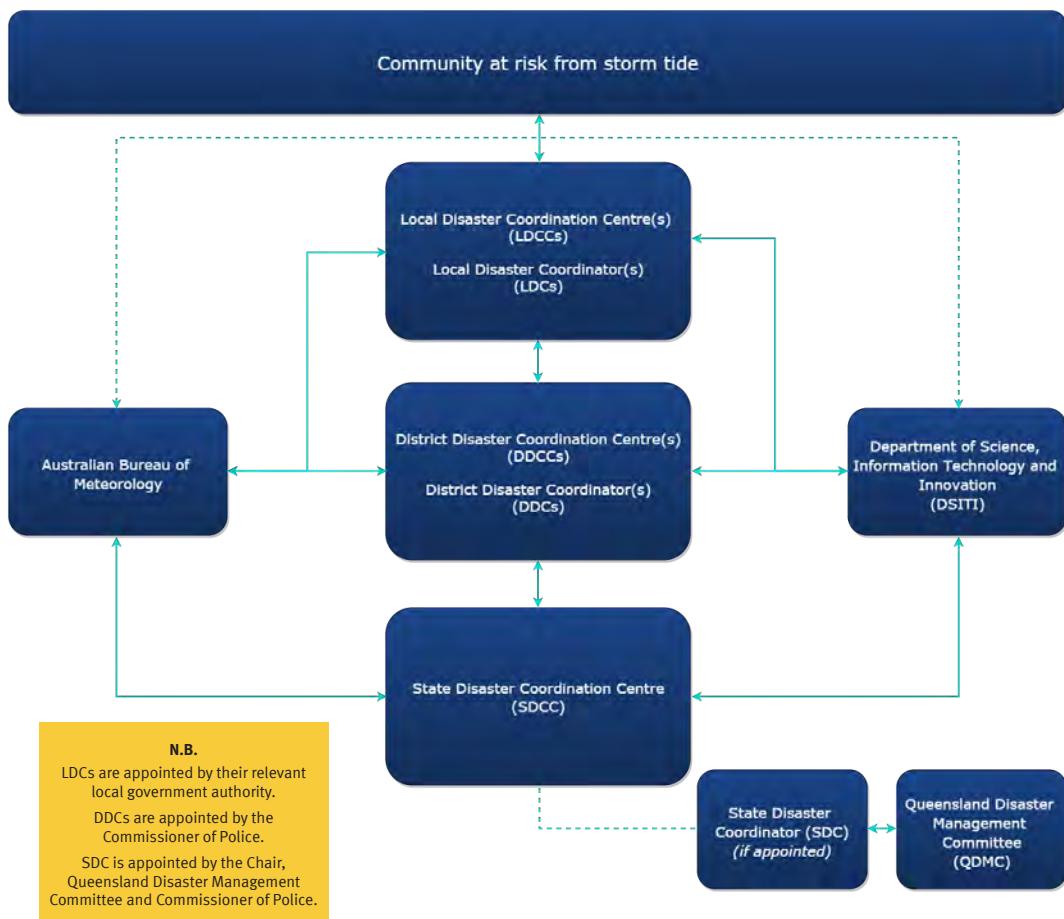


Figure 3: Agency relationships within Queensland's disaster management arrangements

3. Storm Tide Warning Response System

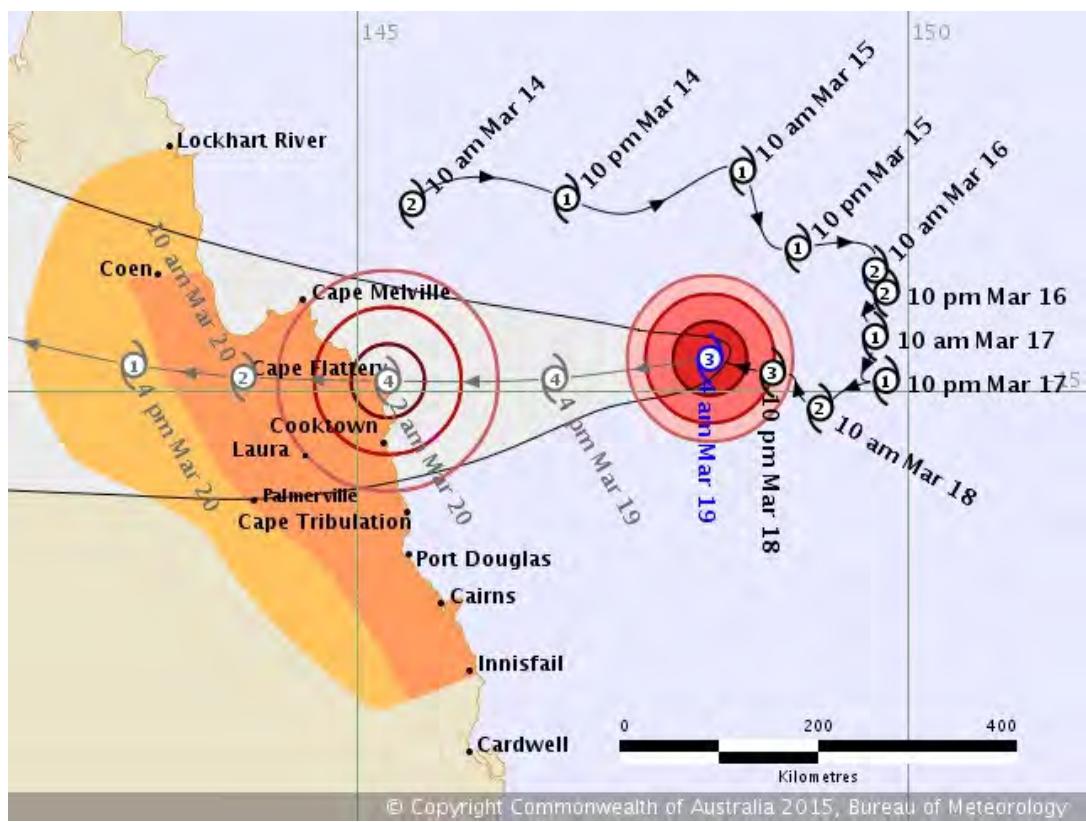
Overview

- 3.1 Storm Tide Warnings are issued for the restricted information of disaster management authorities. Copies of these warnings are not issued to the media or the general community due to the technical expertise needed to interpret them. Unauthorised dissemination could adversely affect public safety. Any person with access to Storm Tide Warnings is not to pass copies to the media or the general community, who will be kept informed of any storm tide threat as necessary in Tropical Cyclone Advices. However, release of selected details of the warnings may be made in exceptional circumstances with prior agreement of the issuing authorities if considered to be in the public interest.
- 3.2 The Bureau activates the Storm Tide Warning Response System if it is anticipated that a storm tide could occur which would result in a total water level in excess of the Highest Astronomical Tide (HAT) in the area under threat. Estimates of the storm tide associated with the forecast cyclone track are provided for agreed locations. In addition, warnings provide estimates of storm tide under the ‘worst case’ assumption should the cyclone centre cross the coast near any of the locations near the time of high tide.
- 3.3 The Storm Tide Warning Response System is linked directly to the Tropical Cyclone Warning Response System. Refer to Figure 5 for a diagram of the Storm Tide Warning Response System and its linkage to the Tropical Cyclone Warning System.
- 3.4 During the Cyclone Information phase and prior to the declaration of a Cyclone Watch zone, if the forecast track map or text products show a cyclone crossing the coast, verbal briefings will be held with SDCC and DSITI Storm Tide Advisers. No additional storm tide products will be issued at this stage.
- 3.5 During a Cyclone Watch phase if the forecast track shows a cyclone crossing the coast, verbal briefings will continue as in the Cyclone Information phase. If the forecast track shows a tropical cyclone crossing the coast and there is a possibility that HAT will be exceeded, a Storm Tide Warning will be provided to the SDCC and to the DSITI Storm Tide Adviser. Storm Tide Warnings will be updated at 6 hourly intervals during the Cyclone Watch phase.
- 3.6 During a Cyclone Warning phase, if there is a possibility of HAT being exceeded, Storm Tide Warnings will be updated at 3 hourly intervals.
- 3.7 Storm Tide Warnings will, where possible, be issued at least 24 hours prior to the forecast onset of 100 km/h wind gusts affecting coastal and island communities with consideration given, where possible, to issuing Evacuation Orders during daylight hours.

Storm Tide Warning

- 3.8 A **STORM TIDE WARNING** is issued during a Cyclone Watch or Cyclone Warning phase when a chance of a storm tide risk exceeding HAT is identified.
- 3.9 The warning specifies “worst case” scenario storm tide estimates for key locations, based on the locations in question experiencing a combination of conditions, within the bounds of forecast uncertainty, to produce a larger storm tide from a slightly more intense cyclone with a centre within the range of possibilities as depicted by the grey area on the most recent TC Forecast Track Map. Generally this would mean the cyclone impacting close to the location, such that it experiences maximum onshore winds at a time near to or at the local high tide. The storm surge and storm tide figures presented in this table generally do not represent the most likely outcome, which is represented by the “Forecast Track Scenario”. Storm tide heights in the warnings are referenced to Lowest Astronomical Tide (LAT), Australian Height Datum (AHD) and Highest Astronomical Tide (HAT).

- 3.10 The warning also specifies additional “forecast track” scenario estimates of the predicted storm tide for key locations, based on the most recent forecast track, and expected tide conditions at the forecast time of coastal crossing. Storm tide heights in the warnings are referenced to each of LAT, AHD and HAT.
- 3.11 The warnings also specify estimates of the time of onset of 100km/h winds at each of the locations. An estimate is provided of the time of onset based on the most likely forecast track, and in addition an estimate of the earliest possible time based on forecast track uncertainty. The outer ring (Strong Gale Force Wind Boundary) on the forecast track maps encloses the area in which wind gusts are estimated at 100 km/h or more (refer to sample forecast track map at Figure 4).
- 3.12 The warning will generally be updated with each update of the Tropical Cyclone Advice (see Appendix C) but at no more frequently than 3 hourly. This could vary if the danger of a storm tide is advanced in time or the portion of coastline under threat has significantly changed.
- 3.13 A **FINAL STORM TIDE WARNING** will be issued after the cyclone has crossed the coast or the chance of exceeding HAT has ceased.
- 3.14 It should be noted that whenever a threat exists, the Bureau would include a qualitative description of the expected storm tide impact in the routine Tropical Cyclone Advices to the general community. If tides are not expected to exceed HAT a statement to the effect that ‘tides could be higher than normal’ may be included in Tropical Cyclone Advices but no Storm Tide Warnings issued.
- 3.15 If a total water level above HAT is expected a Storm Tide Warning is issued to disaster management authorities before a qualitative description of the storm tide threat is given in Tropical Cyclone Advices.
- 3.16 Storm Tide Warning Graphics will be issued for key locations in conjunction with the Storm Tide Warning to assist with interpretation of the Storm Tide Warning. Refer to Figure 6 and to paragraphs 3.27 to 3.30 for further details. **The Storm Tide Warning graphics are available via the Bureau’s registered user webpage for the SDCC (<http://reg.bom.gov.au/reguser/>, username and password are available to emergency management officials from the SDCC Watchdesk).**
- 3.17 Evacuation advice should be based on the official Storm Tide Warnings and associated Storm Tide Warning Graphics. **Any other graphical or mapping products derived directly from surge model outputs may not have had the same quality control applied and are to be treated with caution.**
- 3.18 A sample Storm Tide Warning is shown in Figure 7.



| Community Threat | | |
|--|---|---|
| Warning Zone Gales within 24 hours | Watch Zone Gales from 24-48 hours | |
| Past Cyclone Details | Current Cyclone Details | Forecast Cyclone Details (Up to 72 hours from time of issue) |
| Past Location and Intensity Number | Current Location and Intensity Number | Forecast Location and Intensity Number |
| Past Track and Movement | Very Destructive Winds | Very Destructive Wind Boundary |
| | Destructive Winds | Destructive Wind Boundary |
| | Strong Gale Force Winds | Strong Gale Force Wind Boundary |
| | | Most Likely Future Track |
| | | Range of Likely Tracks of Cyclone Centre |

The forecast path shown above is the Bureau's best estimate of the cyclone's future movement and intensity. There is always some uncertainty associated with tropical cyclone forecasting and the grey zone indicates the range of likely tracks of the cyclone centre.

Due to the uncertainty in the future movement, the indicated winds will almost certainly extend to regions outside the rings on this map. The extent of the warning and watch zones reflects this.

This product is designed for land-based communities; mariners should read the coastal waters and high seas warnings.

Figure 4: Sample Tropical Cyclone Forecast Track Map

Standard Emergency Warning Signal (SEWS)²

3.19 The STANDARD EMERGENCY WARNING SIGNAL (SEWS) alerts the community to the broadcast of an urgent safety message relating to a major disaster or emergency. SEWS will be heard:

- if destructive wind gusts (greater than 125 km/h) are expected on the coast or islands during the following 12 hours;
- if a storm tide greater than 0.5 metres above HAT is expected in the forecast track scenario; and/or
- the evacuation of a significant number of people has been authorised during a Disaster Situation.

Technical considerations and local effects

3.20 The storm tide height given in official warnings is based on calculation of the open coast storm tide with appropriate allowance made for: (a) amplification in large bays and estuaries; (b) wave action; and (c) where possible, river flooding.

3.21 The possible increase of the storm tide in smaller bays and estuaries, and the effect of local flooding, will generally not be included in the storm tide height estimate because of inadequate information on what the impacts might be in particular cases.

3.22 Because the height of the storm tide depends upon the intensity of the cyclone, its forward velocity and the time and place of landfall, errors in estimating any of these parameters may result in errors in the forecast storm tide height.

3.23 The height of the storm tide is very much dependent on the phase of the astronomical tide and therefore on the time of landfall of the cyclone. In Queensland, tides are mainly semi-diurnal and tidal range can be quite large. This tidal range means a difference of a few hours in time of landfall can have a major influence on the storm tide height.

3.24 The accuracy of the forecast time of landfall is usually the most significant uncertainty, and may vary by as much as 6 hours when a cyclone centre is still 12 to 24 hours from the coastline. To provide a realistic safety margin, the Bureau provides storm tide predictions based on both the ‘worst case’ scenario and ‘forecast track’ scenario. If possible, the forecast storm tide height is refined with every issue of the Tropical Cyclone Advice.

3.25 Individual waves associated with the cyclone may run up the foreshore slope to levels well above the mean waterline. This swash ‘wave run-up’ depends on the wave height, wave period, beach slope and the nature of the foreshore and can locally increase water levels periodically by up to several metres near the shoreline above the storm tide level.

3.26 Storm tides will penetrate the coast to different extents in different locations depending on the depth of inundation; the obstruction to flow by buildings; and vegetation and other factors. Storm Tide Emergency Response Maps (e.g. those produced under the National Storm Tide Mapping Model project) assume the storm tide water level remains horizontal. Of particular concern is the damage potential of both wave action and a significant backwash as the water retreats. Channelling of seawater through canal developments may further exaggerate the impact. Shoaling of navigational channels may impede vessel traffic and hamper harbour operations.

² QFES are working on the review of disaster management guidelines in line with government priorities. This includes SEWS.

Storm Tide Warning - Response System

Storm Tide = Storm Surge + Normal Tide + Wave Setup

Although the warning issue timeline is based on the forecast onset of 100 km/h wind gusts, a more flexible approach is adopted in practice to avoid conducting directed evacuations at night.

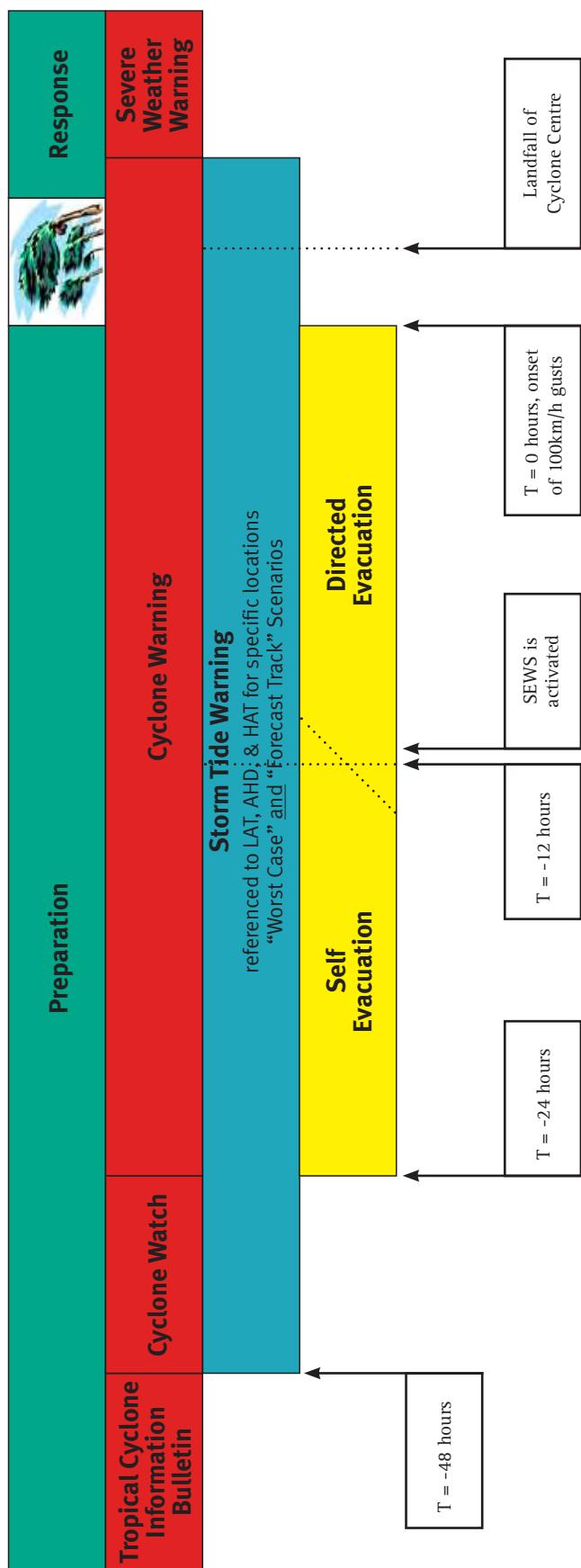


Figure 5: Storm Tide Warning Response System Timeline

Storm Tide Warning Graphic

- 3.27 The Storm Tide Warning Graphic pictorially summarises the various seawater level heights given in the Storm Tide Warning text for a particular location. The warning heights are always referenced to LAT, AHD and HAT. The graphic includes a height scale referenced to both AHD and Lowest Astronomical Tide (LAT) (on the right and left sides of the scale-bar respectively). A table accompanying the graphic also lists the key heights in AHD and LAT. Note that the graphical product is for a single site only that is chosen from a list of suitable sites on a relative risk basis (see Appendix D for the complete list of potential sites).
- 3.28 A new graphical product will be issued with each text Storm Tide Warning.
- 3.29 The example zones in Figure 6 relate to the National Storm Tide Mapping Model. Many councils have implemented the Queensland Evacuation Guidelines³ which incorporate different zones to the national model. The Bureau of Meteorology will endeavour to update these graphics to reflect zones adopted by councils in the future.
- 3.30 The graphical product is accessible via a registered user web page, which is hosted by the Bureau at <http://reg.bom.gov.au/reguser/>. The user ID and password are available to agencies involved in disaster management by contacting the State Disaster Coordination Centre (SDCC) by email sdcc@qfes.qld.gov.au. The product will appear in the graphical storm tide warning section and the links will only be active when a warning is current.

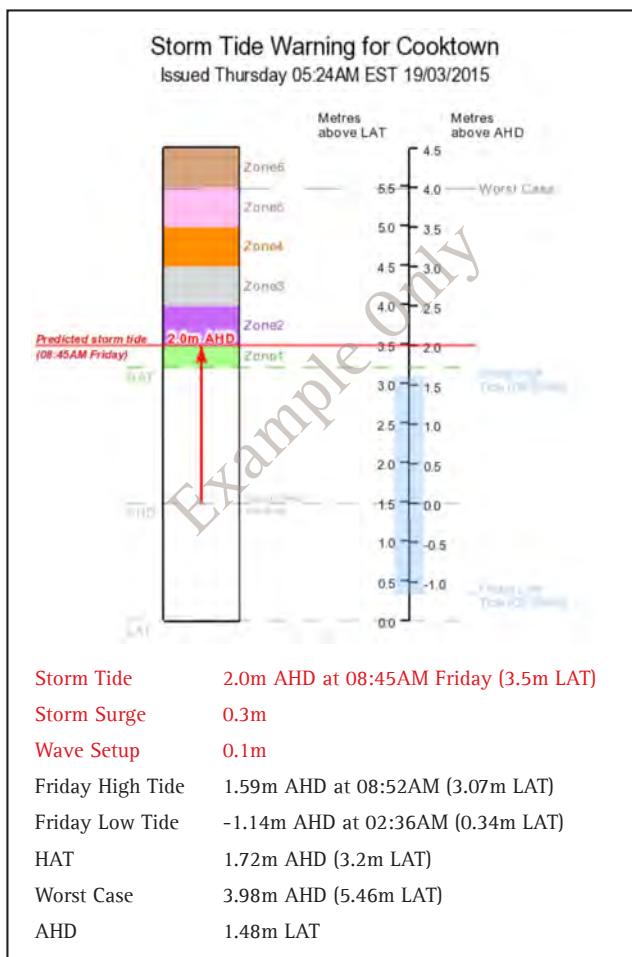


Figure 6: Sample Storm Tide Warning Graphic

³ QFES are working on the review of disaster management guidelines in line with government priorities.

An example of a Storm Tide Warning

Storm Tide Warning

Issued at 5:24 am EST on Thursday 19 March 2015.

NOT FOR DIRECT RELEASE TO THE MEDIA OR THE GENERAL COMMUNITY FOR URGENT ATTENTION

- State Disaster Coordination Centre (SDCC)
- District Disaster Coordinators at: CAIRNS
- Local Government Offices in the threatened zone

FOR INFORMATION

- Police Communications Centre Brisbane
- QFES Regional Directors in the threatened zone

SITUATION

Severe Tropical Cyclone *Noname*, category 3, is moving westwards towards the coast. The system is expected to develop into a category 4 system during Thursday and cross the coast between Cape Melville and Cape Tribulation on Friday morning. The worst case scenarios allow for the cyclone to intensify slightly more than expected, and slow down, such that the landfall is closer to or on Friday morning's high tide. Worst case predictions for locations south of Cooktown assume a crossing well to the north but inside the grey zone indicated on the forecast track map. In all cases the highest water level is expected to occur with Friday morning's high tide rather than at coastal crossing time.

STORM TIDE: WORST CASE SCENARIO

| Location | Tide (m above LAT) | Storm Surge | Wave Setup | Storm Tide (m above LAT) | Storm Tide (m above AHD) | Storm Tide (m above HAT) |
|--------------|---------------------------|-------------|------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Cooktown | 3.0m 8:52 AM 20 Mar | 2.0 | 0.5 | 5.5 | 4.0 | 2.3 |
| Port Douglas | 3.2m 8:55 AM 20 Mar | 1.2 | 0.3 | 4.7 | 3.2 | 1.4 |
| Cairns | 3.3m 9:05 AM 20 Mar | 0.9 | 0.3 | 4.5 | 2.9 | 1.0 |

STORM TIDE: FORECAST TRACK SCENARIO

| Location | Tide (m above LAT) | Storm Surge | Wave Setup | Storm Tide (m above LAT) | Storm Tide (m above AHD) | Storm Tide (m above HAT) |
|--------------|---------------------------|-------------|------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Cooktown | 3.0m 8:45 AM 20 Mar | 0.3 | 0.2 | 3.5 | 2.0 | 0.3 |
| Port Douglas | 3.2m 8:55 AM 20 Mar | 0.2 | 0.2 | 3.6 | 2.0 | 0.2 |
| Cairns | 3.3m 9:00 AM 20 Mar | 0.2 | 0.1 | 3.6 | 2.0 | 0.1 |

Notes:

1. The "Worst Case Scenario" storm tide heights are based on the locations in question experiencing a combination of conditions, within the bounds of forecast uncertainty, to produce a larger storm tide from a slightly more intense cyclone with a centre within the range of possibilities as depicted by the grey area on the most recent TC Forecast Track Map. Generally this would mean the cyclone impacting close to the location, such that it experiences maximum onshore winds at a time near to or at the local high tide. The storm surge and storm tide figures presented in this table generally do not represent the most likely outcome, which is represented by the "Forecast Track Scenario".
2. The contribution due to wave set-up has been included. Storm tide = normal tide + storm surge + wave setup.
3. The additional contribution due to wave run-up has not been included. See para 3.25 of the Handbook.
4. LAT is the Lowest Astronomical Tide (published tide tables use this reference datum)
5. HAT is the Highest Astronomical Tide
6. AHD is the Australian Height Datum

ONSET OF DAMAGING WINDS

Wind gusts expected to exceed 100 kilometres per hour are expected at:

| Location | Earliest Onset Time (local) | Forecast Track Onset Time (local) |
|--------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Cooktown | 19 Mar 2:00 PM | 19 Mar 8:00 PM |
| Port Douglas | 19 Mar 5:00 PM | 19 Mar 10:00 PM |
| Cairns | 20 Mar 3:00 AM | Not expected |

OBSERVED TIDES

See - www.qld.gov.au/tides

The next Storm Tide Warning will be issued by 9am EST Thursday 19 March 2015.

Further details are available from the following sources:

1. Tropical Cyclone forecasts and warnings
QFES Meteorologist - Telephone (07) 3635 xxxx / (07) 3239 xxxx
Bureau of Meteorology - Telephone (07) 3239 xxxx
2. Technical aspects of the Storm Tide
SDCC(DSITI) - Telephone 04xx xxx xxx

Telephone numbers are restricted to official use only.

Further information on technical considerations and local effects can be found in the Tropical Cyclone Storm Tide.

Warning - Response System Handbook at <http://disaster.qld.gov.au/Disaster-Resources/Documents/Storm-Tide-Handbook.pdf>.

Figure 7: an example of a Storm Tide Warning

4. Disaster Management Response

Overview

- 4.1 Distribution of the Bureau Storm Tide Warnings is restricted to disaster management authorities. The storm tide warning will indicate the coastal zones, which may be affected, the approximate time of occurrence of the Storm Tide, and the estimated storm tide height above each of LAT, AHD and HAT.
- 4.2 Based on the information provided in the Storm Tide Warnings, consideration may be given to directed evacuation⁴ as an option if it is reasonably likely that the event may pose a threat to human life or risk of illness or injury. In these situations persons may also decide to self evacuate⁵.
- 4.3 A Local Disaster Coordinator (LDC), after consultation with the District Disaster Coordinator (DDC), may advise people in threatened areas to undertake a voluntary evacuation while consideration is being given to whether directed evacuation is required. A Voluntary Evacuation Advice is distributed through the media without the SEWS. The option of voluntary evacuation must be included in local evacuation plans.
- 4.4 A directed evacuation under the *Disaster Management Act 2003*, is conducted using empowerments provided by a disaster situation declaration under *the Act*. A DDC may declare a disaster situation if satisfied that the requirements of section 64 of *the Act* have been met. The declaration of a disaster situation requires the approval of the Minister responsible for Police, Fire and Emergency Services, and must be made in accordance with section 65 of *the Act*. During a disaster situation, the DDC and Declared Disaster Officers(DDOs) are provided with additional powers under sections 77-78 of *the Act*. These powers may be required to give effect to a directed evacuation. An LDC, as part of the LDMG, may make a recommendation to a DDC that a directed evacuation is required based on their situational awareness in the preparation for an imminent disaster. However, as the LDMG/LDC has no legislative power to effect a directed evacuation, the responsibility for authorising a directed evacuation remains with the DDC.
- 4.5 The declaration of a disaster situation will provide the DDC and DDOs with the necessary powers to effect a directed evacuation. If this measure is required, the DDC is to keep the QDMC informed, through sitreps to the SDCC, of areas evacuated and areas likely to be evacuated.
- 4.6 Once a declaration of a disaster situation has been made the DDC or DDO may direct persons to evacuate (a directed evacuation) from the declared area. In conducting directed evacuations, the DDC or DDOs may require persons to give them reasonable help in conducting evacuations. This may include persons from the Local Group including the State Emergency Service (SES).
- 4.7 TCWC Senior Forecasters and DSITI Storm Tide Advisers will be available for consultation. DDCs and LDCs can dial the access numbers provided in the Storm Tide Warnings.
- 4.8 For further information on evacuation planning consult the Queensland Evacuation Guidelines for Disaster Management Groups available at http://www.disaster.qld.gov.au/Disaster-Resources/Documents/2907EMQ_SDMG QLD_Evac%20Guide_web.pdf
- 4.9 For further information on functions, roles and responsibilities of disaster coordinators across the QDMA see the *Disaster Management Act 2003* and the SDMP.

⁴ Directed Evacuation: The planned movement of persons from an unsafe or potentially unsafe location to a safer location and their eventual return.

⁵ Self Evacuation: Individuals proactively make their own decision to evacuate prior to any direction from authorities.

Queensland Evacuation Guidelines⁶

- 4.10 The Queensland Evacuation Guidelines are based on agreed emergency management principles and reflects an all hazards approach to evacuation within Queensland. The aim of the document is to assist disaster management groups during the planning and implementation of the evacuation process within Queensland.
- 4.11 Some important considerations when devising local evacuation plans for storm tide include:
- **Accuracy of predictions:** In the early stages of a storm tide event, storm tide estimates are a rough approximation due to the limitations of the science behind predicting these events. As the cyclone moves closer to the coast, it is possible to obtain a higher degree of precision in predicting the storm tide. As the forecast accuracy increases, the time available to evacuate diminishes rapidly.
 - **Time available:** Any evacuation should be completed before wind conditions prohibit outside movement (i.e. regular wind gusts to 100 kilometres per hour). For planning purposes, the winds reaching this threshold are most likely to occur 3 to 12 hours before the cyclone centre crosses the coast, though earlier onsets are possible depending on the size and speed of the cyclone. For a particular cyclone, the outer ellipse on Tropical Cyclone Track Maps shows the distance of 100 kilometre per hour wind gusts from coastal centres.
 - **Associated Flooding:** Coincidental river flooding may increase the height and extent of tidal penetration in some localities.
- 4.12 LDMGs should ensure local communities are prepared through providing evacuation maps, with identified evacuation zones so that they can be used to guide evacuations. Local knowledge will aid in determining the evacuation zones.
- 4.13 **Low offshore islands may be completely inundated.** The short prediction lead-time for storm tides may eliminate the ability to evacuate such locations in the face of a cyclone. The decision to evacuate such islands should be based on public Tropical Cyclone Warnings rather than Storm Tide Warnings.
- 4.14 The Evacuation Guidelines should be used in conjunction with this Handbook when devising storm tide evacuation zones and arrangements for evacuating communities vulnerable to storm tide.

⁶ QFES are working on the review of disaster management guidelines in line with government priorities.

Roles during a storm tide response

4.15 The three operational phases of the Storm Tide Warning System include:

- Initial Storm Tide Warning;
- Subsequent Storm Tide Warnings;
- Final Storm Tide Warning.

4.16 The operational roles required from various entities and positions during these stages are detailed below.

State Disaster Coordination Centre

Initial Storm Tide Warning

- The QFES Watch Desk to liaise with and alert the SDC (when appointed), Executive Director, QFES Operations Branch, Director, Disaster Management Services Unit, Executive Manager and DSITI representative, that a Storm Tide Warning has been issued and recommend required actions.
- The QFES Watch Desk to alert affected DDCs and affected QFES Regional Directors in cyclone watch and warning zones, as required.
- Alert Minister, QDMC and SDCG members.
- Contact DSITI to have a Storm Tide Adviser available.

Subsequent Storm Tide Warnings

- Alert SDC and DDCs in the threatened zone and verify receipt.
- Consult with TCWC Senior Forecasters and DSITI Storm Tide Advisers on the DDC's recommendation.
- Provide advice to feed into the DDC's recommendation
- Notify DDC, QFES Regional Directors, Police Communications Centres, TCWC and DSITI of the decision reached.
- Relay the Minister's written approval to the DDC so a Disaster Situation can be declared. In the case of a verbal declaration, QPS would confirm and organise the formal written approval and QFES CLLO to arrange gazetting as soon as practical.
- Receive evacuation progress reports from the DDC.

Final Storm Tide Warning

- Advise SDC, DDCs and QFES Regional Directors and verify receipt.

Chair – District Disaster Management Group

Initial Storm Tide Warning

- Receive a copy of the warning from both the Bureau and the SDCC.
- Confirm receipt of warning to SDCC.
- Review district disaster plans.
- Alert and liaise with DDMG members and prepare to stand-up DDCC.
- Alert and liaise with the relevant LDC(s).
- If appropriate, liaise with the SDC (if appointed) and SDCC for any strategic advice from QDMC on disaster response operations.
- Seek the Minister’s approval to declare a Disaster Situation, verbally if the situation warrants (see 4.4 of this Handbook).

Subsequent Storm Tide Warnings

- Receive a copy of the warning from both the Bureau and the SDCC.
- Confirm receipt of warning to SDCC.
- Alert relevant LDC(s) of warning.
- Convene a meeting of the DDMG and consult with the engineer, other advisers and LDC(s) on the need for evacuation.
- Liaise with the LDC regarding the issue of Voluntary Evacuation Advice (without releasing SEWS), for specific high risk areas.
- Liaise with, and seek advice from, the QDMC through the SDC (if appointed) and SDCC regarding planned evacuations and inform of areas already evacuated.
- Make preliminary arrangements with the local media to broadcast a ‘Directed evacuation’ (with SEWS) to the public, in accordance with the Local Evacuation Plan.
- Receive approval to declare a Disaster Situation from the Minister and/or the District Disaster Coordinator, and notify LDC(s) when to proceed with directed evacuation of specific areas.
- Issue an Directed Evacuation Order – and update as necessary.

Final Storm Tide Warning

- Receive a copy of the final storm tide warning from both Bureau and the SDCC.
- Confirm receipt of warning to SDCC.
- Alert and liaise with the relevant LDC(s) regarding the final warning.
- Issue a Media Bulletin which may include information on the transition to recovery.

Local Disaster Coordinator

Initial Storm Tide Warning

- Receive a copy of the warning from the Bureau.
- Review relevant disaster plans including the local evacuation plan.
- Liaise with DDC regarding specific high risk areas that may need voluntary evacuation, as detailed in the local evacuation plan.
- Advise LDMG members, consulting engineer and other advisers.
- Activate local evacuation plan.

Subsequent Storm Tide Warnings

- Receive a copy of the warning from the Bureau.
- Liaise with the Chair of the LDMG and convene a meeting.
- Liaise with the consulting engineer to local government and other advisers on the need for evacuation.
- Liaise, if necessary, with the TCWC Senior Forecasters and DSITI Storm Tide Advisers.
- Advise DDC of recommendations for evacuations.
- Receive DDC notification to proceed with Directed evacuation of specific areas.
- Release local evacuation information to public.
- Keep DDC informed of evacuation progress.

Final Storm Tide Warning

- Receive a copy of the warning from the Bureau.

5. Emergency Response Maps

- 5.1 It is essential that all authorities engaged in disaster management activities have maps that are relevant to their area of responsibility.
- 5.2 Most local authorities at risk from storm tide inundation now operate geographic information systems (GIS) in which data on roads, properties and lifeline infrastructure are held digitally. The data available in these information systems is ideal for use in all aspects of disaster management. Many of these systems also contain very detailed digital elevation model (DEM) data (i.e. topographic). This data is typically far more accurate and detailed than traditional mapping products. For example, 0.25 metre elevation contours referenced to the Australian Height Datum (AHD) are available for the majority of coastal communities. These DEMs are
- 5.3 The Protecting our Coastal Communities Project (POCC) acquired high resolution elevation data over coastal communities. This data was captured for majority of coastal communities and is available to local governments and other state government agencies through the Department of Natural Resources and Mines (DNRM). A link to a map showing latest elevation data coverage is available through the DNRM website: https://www.dnrm.qld.gov.au/_data/assets/pdf_file/0003/109344/lidar-capture-projects.pdf.
- 5.4 Storm tide maps throughout Australia have been produced to a variety of standards and the Queensland Tropical Cyclone Consultative Committee (QTCCC)⁷ identified this factor as a potential risk during disaster management operations, particularly where cyclones are likely to affect multiple jurisdictions simultaneously.
- 5.5 To assist evacuation planning the POCC project has published elevation zones in half metre increments from HAT up to an extreme event. These zones are an indication of potential storm tide inundation for particular events using the bath tub approach. Please be aware that this approach assumes water levels remain horizontal and for many communities local government may have better information based on detailed modelling techniques. The information provided by POCC is available via an interactive mapping site from the Public Sector Business Agency ‘Situational Awareness Map’ portal (SAM) (<http://mapping.psba.qld.gov.au/hath5/>, username and password required).
- 5.6 The Total Operational Mapping system (TOM) currently available to the SDCC should and is recognised as the “situational awareness” tool for the SDCC and DDCCs (*State Disaster Coordination Centre: Room for Improvement Strategy Report June 2014*). The Public Safety Business Agency (PSBA) is responsible for providing mapping services to the SDCC during operations to support the SDCC and QDMC decision making (*2015 State Disaster Management Plan, Role and Responsibility Table, Public Safety Business Agency, p44*). As an application TOM is a web-based mapping application that uses the GeoCortex Essentials (Silverlight) technology to allow users to view and interact with spatial information in an easy-to-use interface. It is a visualisation tool used for planning and situational awareness before and during emergency events. TOM contributes to delivering a Common Operating Picture (COP) where all users are able to access a consistent,

⁷ The QTCCC is a joint initiative between the Queensland Fire and Emergency Services and the Queensland Regional Office of the Australian Bureau of Meteorology. The Committee provides a means of reviewing tropical cyclone information from a variety of sources and recommending practical measures for cyclone impact reduction in Queensland.

6. Appendices

Appendix A - Tidal Planes

Extracted from *The Queensland Tide Tables*.

Online at <http://www.msq.qld.gov.au/Tides.aspx>.

The form of the tide changes along the Queensland coast. For places south from Lindeman Island (latitude 20 degrees 28 minutes south) refer to the section semidiurnal tidal planes. For places in the Torres Strait and the Gulf of Carpentaria refer to the diurnal tidal planes section. When seeking information for places between Lindeman and Torres Strait where the classification may be either semidiurnal or diurnal it is necessary to refer to both the semidiurnal and diurnal tables.

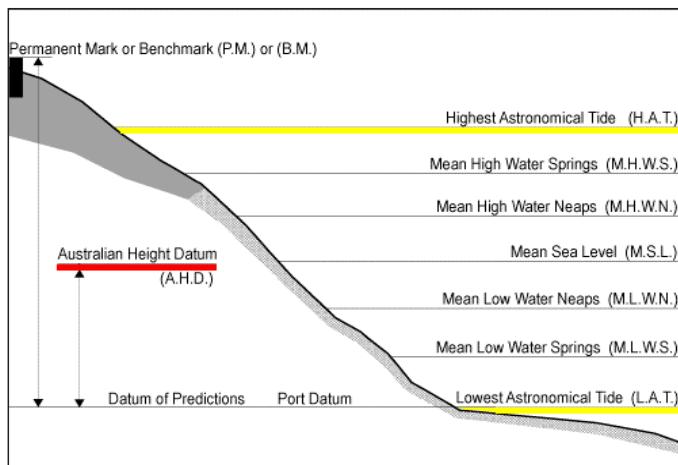


Figure 8a: Semidiurnal tidal planes

Semidiurnal tidal planes

The term 'semidiurnal' refers to a tide which has a period or cycle of approximately half of one tidal day (about 12.5 hours). Semidiurnal tides usually have two high and two low tides each day. The tides at Brisbane Bar are a typical example of semidiurnal tides.

Diurnal tidal planes

The term 'diurnal' refers to a tide which has a period or cycle of approximately one tidal day (about 25 hours). Diurnal tides usually have one high and one low tide each day. The tides at Karumba are a typical example of diurnal tides.

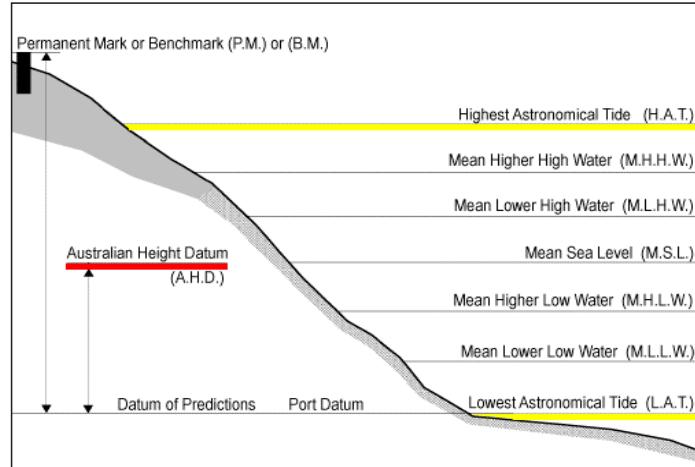


Figure 8b: Diurnal tidal planes

Appendix B - Storm Tide Gauge Network

DSITI operates a network of storm tide gauges along the Queensland coastline. Information from these gauges is provided on the DSITI's storm tide web pages at: <http://www.qld.gov.au/tides>.

The Bureau uses the data to enhance its predictions whilst DSITI advises the State Group on seawater levels, storm tide inundation and probable impacts on evacuation procedures. On request, DSITI will provide advice to relevant DDCs, Local Groups and their specialist engineers.



Figure 9: DSITI Storm Tide Gauge Network and Wave Buoy Locations

Access to Information on Cyclones and Storm Surge

Telephone 1300 659 212

(for recorded public Tropical Cyclone Advises with state-wide access for the cost of a local call)

Web <http://www.bom.gov.au/cyclone> (Tropical Cyclone Advises and Track Maps)

<http://www.qld.gov.au/tides> (DSITI storm tide web pages)

<http://www.qld.gov.au/waves> (DSITI wave monitoring web pages)

Appendix C - Tropical Cyclone Warning Service

Tropical Cyclone Outlooks - are issued daily during the cyclone season and give the likelihood of a tropical cyclone developing in the Eastern region (Coral Sea) and Northern region (including the Gulf of Carpentaria) in the following 3 days.

Tropical Cyclone Information Bulletins - are issued every 6 hours when a cyclone exists in Queensland waters, or when a low threatens to develop into a cyclone.

Tropical Cyclone Technical Bulletins - are issued every 6 hours when a cyclone exists in Queensland waters, or when a low threatens to develop into a cyclone. These are in text format and provide forecast track positions extending out to 120 hours (these will be available to the public on the Bureau's web site).

Tropical Cyclone Advices - are messages referring to specific cyclone threats. These messages are sequentially numbered from 1 upwards for each cyclone.

Tropical Cyclone Advices contain messages detailing 2 levels of threat to coastal and island communities, namely Cyclone Watch and Cyclone Warning.

- Cyclone Watch - this message will be issued for localities where a cyclone centre is expected to make landfall and/or wind gusts of 100 kilometres an hour or more are likely within the next 1-2 days.
- Cyclone Warning - this message will be issued for localities where a cyclone centre is expected to make landfall and/or wind gusts of 100 kilometres an hour or more are likely within the next 24 hours.

Tropical Cyclone Advices are issued 6-hourly when the threat is more than 24 hours away from the coast and islands, increasing to 3 hourly and then hourly as the urgency of the messages increases. Hourly updates may be issued for Category 2 (or greater) cyclones. The Bureau of Meteorology aims to dispatch Advices at least 10 minutes before the hour they are due so that the media can broadcast them close to the hour.

Each Cyclone Warning will commence with a headline statement designed to summarise the essence of the message. It will cover the area threatened and the level and timing of the threat.

Severe weather warnings - are issued (generally after landfall) when the system is no longer a cyclone but severe weather and/or flooding rains are still being experienced.

Cyclone Category Scale

The system rates cyclones from 1 to 5, with 1 being relatively weak cyclones and 5 the most intense. **Category 3, 4 and 5 cyclones are severe with very destructive winds near the centre.**

| Category | Wind Gusts (km/h) | Potential Damage |
|----------|-------------------|------------------|
| 1 | 90–125 | Minimal |
| 2 | 125–165 | Moderate |
| 3 | 165–225 | Major |
| 4 | 225–280 | Devastating |
| 5 | > 280 | Extreme |

Standard Emergency Warning Signal⁸

In the case of tropical cyclones, use of the Standard Emergency Warning Signal (SEWS) will be limited to those warnings where **destructive winds are expected on the coast or islands in the next 12 hours and/or a damaging Storm Surge is predicted**. Authorisation for the electronic media to use the signal will be contained near the top of the Tropical Cyclone Advice. The SEWS may also be used very infrequently for other serious and large-scale weather and flood events.

Networking stations have been asked to pay particular attention to the **isolation of transmitters** so that undue alarm is not created by transmission of the signal into areas that are not seriously threatened. It may not always be possible however to totally confine the transmissions.

⁸ QFES is currently reviewing the SEWS Guideline.

Tropical Cyclone Forecast Track Map

The Tropical Cyclone Forecast Track Map (see sample at Figure 4) includes both the past track and the forecast positions and intensities in 6-hourly time-steps out to 72 hours. It is important to note however that this product does not contain all the information in the Tropical Cyclone Advice, especially important details on the cyclone impact, such as the potentially dangerous threat of storm tide. It is also unsuitable for mariners who are advised to refer to coastal waters and ocean wind warnings.

A Tropical Cyclone Technical Bulletin is also available to the public on the Bureau's web site. This will generally include tropical cyclone forecast track positions extending out to 120 hours.

Detailed below are the main features of the Tropical Cyclone Forecast Track Map.

Forecast Track

- Distinctive colours are used to depict the Watch and Warning zones and the area of very destructive winds (gusts >170 km/h), destructive winds (gusts >125 km/h) and strong gales (gusts >100 km/h).
- The forecast track is the most likely path of the cyclone.
- The past track is shown along with the forecast positions out to 72 hours in 6-hourly time steps.
- The numbers in the circles at the centre locations show the Category, or if the system is expected to significantly weaken, an “L” is used to indicate a low pressure centre.

Grey Zone of Uncertainty (otherwise known as the Cone of Uncertainty)

- The grey zone is the area within which the cyclone centre is expected to be in the following 72 hours.
- This covers most scenarios but occasionally the cyclone may move outside this area.
- Importantly, the impact of the cyclone will almost certainly extend well beyond the grey zone.

Wind Thresholds

- Solid coloured ellipses surround the current cyclone position, representing winds of various strengths.
- The open ellipses surrounding the forecast positions represent the outer extent of each category of wind strength, assuming the cyclone follows the official forecast track.
- Note that the ellipses may be omitted from the intermediate forecast positions to minimise clutter.
- The winds are likely to extend beyond these areas as the cyclone will almost certainly not follow the forecast track precisely. The coastal extent of the Warning zone reflects this uncertainty.

MetEye

- The Tropical Cyclone Forecast Track Map is also available through the MetEye viewer on the Bureau's website (<http://www.bom.gov.au/australia/meteye/>). The past positions and forecast positions to 72 hours ahead are viewable, as well as forecast positions to 120 hours ahead. A sample is shown in Figure 10 below. Grey Zone of Uncertainty (otherwise known as the Cone of Uncertainty)
- The grey zone is the area within which the cyclone centre is expected to be in the following 72 hours.
- This covers most scenarios but occasionally the cyclone may move outside this area.
- Importantly, the impact of the cyclone will almost certainly extend well beyond the grey zone.

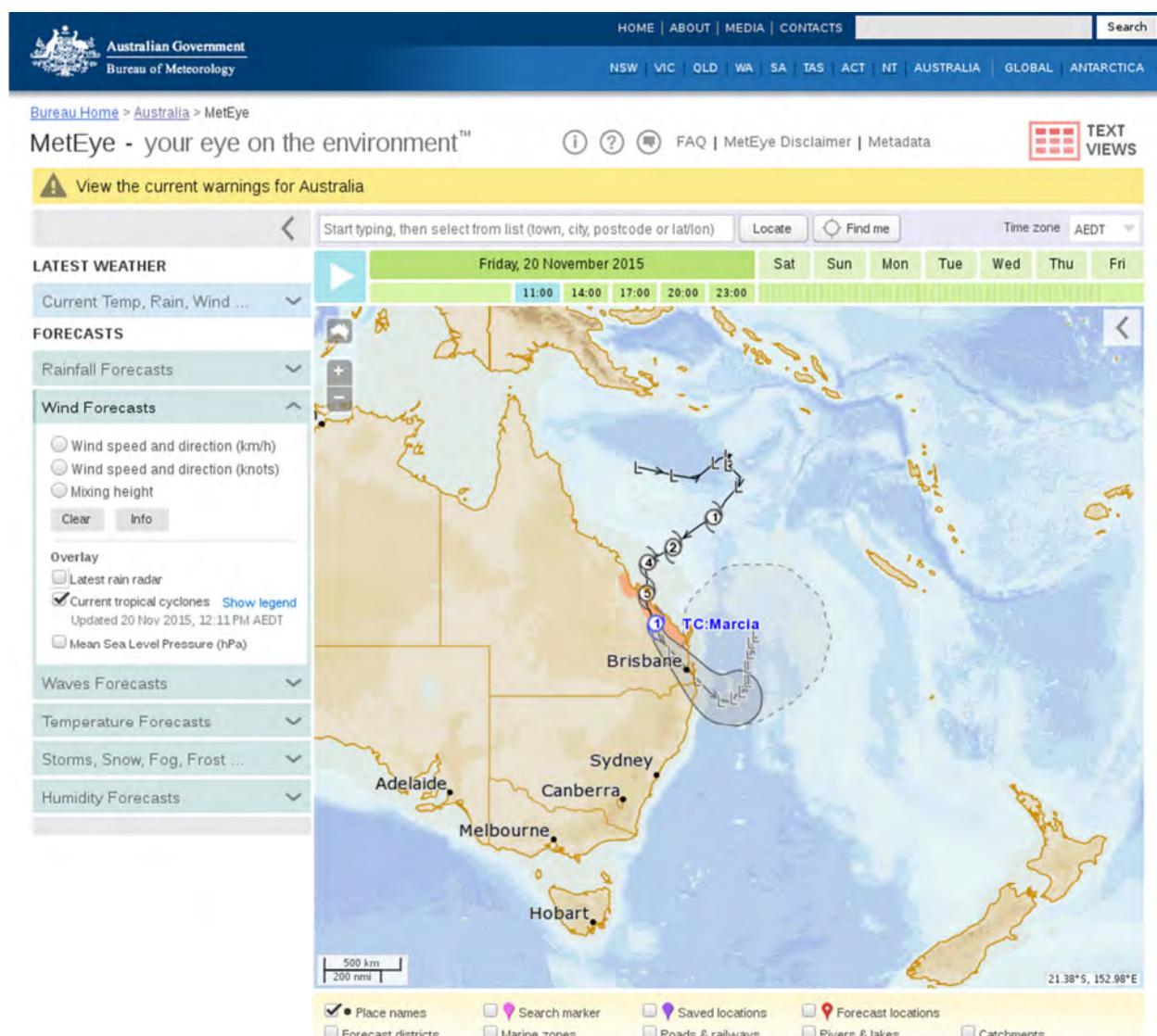


Figure 10: Sample forecast track map showing 72 and 120 hour forecast positions as displayed in the Bureau's Meteye viewer

Appendix D - Storm Tide Effects on Coastal Centres and accompanying maps and tables

Centres of habitation on the Queensland coast are listed in the **accompanying Maps and Tables**. These are classified into Disaster Districts comprising a number of local government areas.

- Tropical cyclone warning place names as used by the Bureau are **shaded green** in the following table for easy identification.
- Locations of the Queensland DSITI storm tide gauges have the location **shaded yellow**.
- The locations that the Bureau will provide Storm Tide Warning and Storm Tide Warning Graphics are summarised in Appendix E.

Example

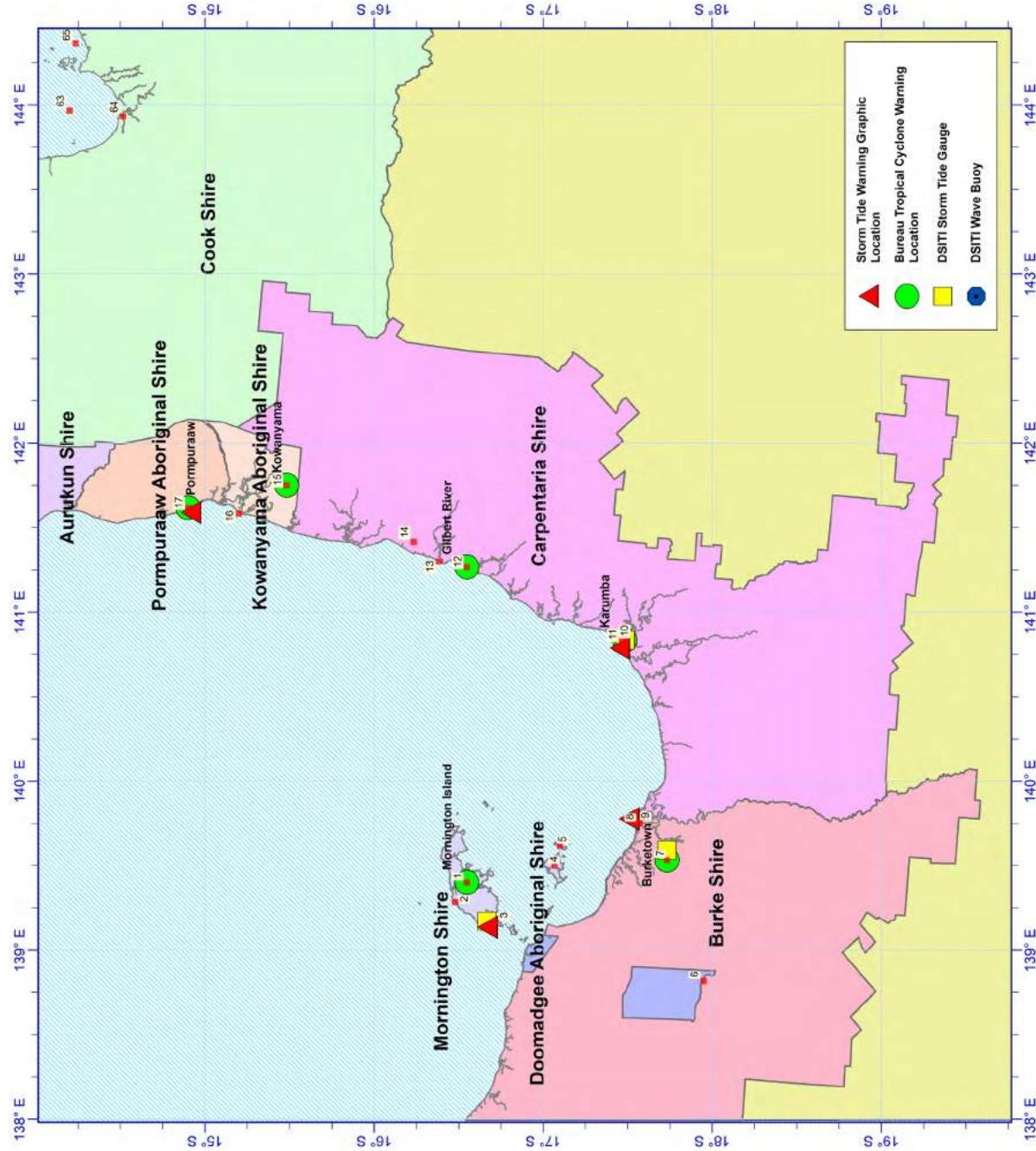
| Point | Name | Lat. | Long. | LGA | HAT above AHD | Remarks |
|-------|------------|--------|--------|-----------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| 174 | Townsville | -19.27 | 146.80 | Townsville City | 2.25 | |
| 175 | Pallarenda | -19.20 | 146.77 | Townsville City | 2.22 | National Storm Tide Map |

For each centre the following information is given:

- (a) **Highest Astronomical Tide (HAT) above Australian Height Datum (AHD) or Mean Sea Level (MSL)**
Indicative HAT values are based on points from the NDRP Storm Tide Interpolation Study, 2014
- (b) **Remarks**
Where applicable, comments on whether a National Storm Tide Map is available or details of a previous event exist.

The information presented in the table should be used with caution. It is the best available at the date of printing but is derived from many different sources, hence its complete reliability cannot be guaranteed. Where accuracy of data is of a critical nature, it is recommended that the user refer to its official source for verification.

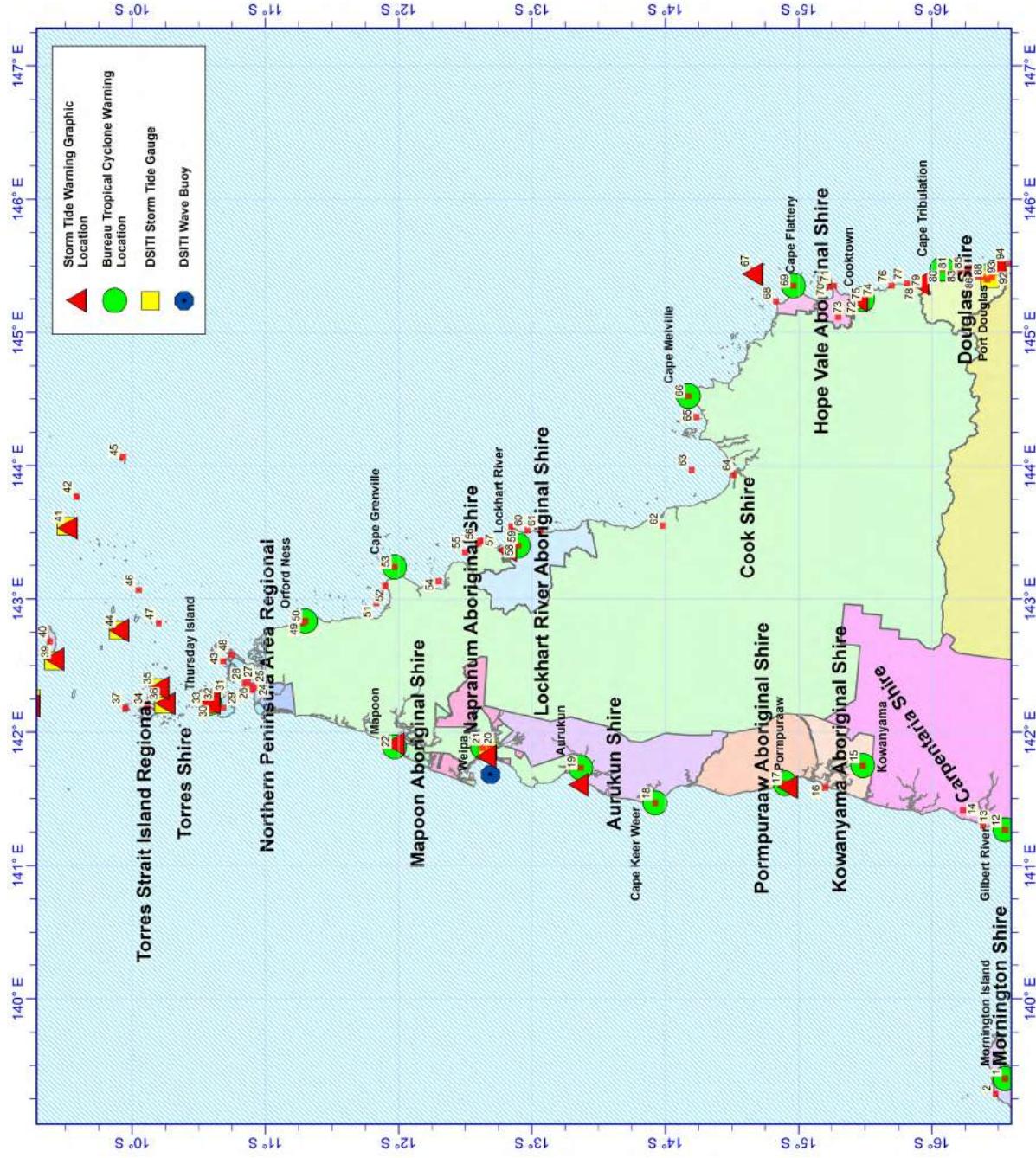
Map 1: The Gulf of Carpentaria Coastline



Map 1: The Gulf of Carpentaria Coastline cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------|-------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 Mornington Island | -16.54850 | 139.40115 | Mornington | 1.98 | National Storm Tide Map | 19/12/1976 | Ted | 950 | 1.7 | 1.8 |
| 2 Birri Beach | -16.47917 | 139.28681 | Mornington | 1.65 | | | | | | |
| 3 Denham Island | -16.71453 | 139.15979 | Mornington | 1.98 | | | | | | |
| 4 Bentinck Is | -17.06700 | 139.50000 | Mornington | 2.59 | | 23/02/1948 | | 996 | >3.7 | 4.7 |
| 5 Sweers Is (Inscription point) | -17.10225 | 139.61892 | Mornington | 2.63 | | | | | | |
| 6 Doomadgee | -17.94434 | 138.83009 | Doomadgee Council | 2.80 | | | | | | |
| 7 Burketown | -17.74080 | 139.54780 | Burke | 2.80 | | 19/12/1976 | Ted | 950 | 3 | 3.2 |
| 8 Albert River | -17.56700 | 139.75000 | Burke | 2.80 | | 19/12/1976 | Ted | 950 | 4.6 | 6.3 |
| 9 Albert River Heads | -17.57300 | 139.75800 | Burke | 2.80 | | 05/03/1887 | | | 5.5 | 5.1 |
| 10 Karumba | -17.48386 | 140.83976 | Carpentaria | 2.70 | | 19/12/1976 | Ted | 950 | 2 | 3.6 |
| 11 Karumba Point | -17.46501 | 140.82926 | Carpentaria | 2.70 | | | | | | |
| 12 Gilbert River | -16.54849 | 141.26784 | Carpentaria | 2.32 | | 6/01/1996 | Barry | 950 | 4.5 | 6 |
| 13 Staaten River Offshore | -16.38300 | 141.30000 | Carpentaria | 2.28 | | 6/01/1996 | Barry | 950 | 3.7 | |
| 14 Inkerman Station | -16.23334 | 141.41667 | Carpentaria | 2.24 | | 19/02/1971 | Fiona | 960 | >4 | |
| 15 Kowanyama | -15.47960 | 141.74202 | Kowanyama Council | 2.00 | | | | | | |
| 16 Mitchell River | -15.19849 | 141.58444 | Kowanyama Council | 1.94 | | | | | | |
| 17 Pormpuraaw | -14.89794 | 141.61921 | Pormpuraaw Council | 1.86 | National Storm Tide Map | 3/02/1964 | Dora | 974 | 5 | |

Map 2: Cape York Coastline



Map 2: Cape York Coastline cont.

| Point | Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|-------|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|---|----------------------------|-------------------------|------------|-------|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 18 | Cape Keer Weer | -13.92651 | 141.46835 | Aurukun Shire Council | 1.60 | | | | | | |
| 19 | Aurukun | -13.35849 | 141.72807 | Aurukun Shire Council | 1.60 | National Storm Tide Map | 19/02/1971 | Fiona | 960 | 0.9 | |
| 20 | Napranum (Weipa South) | -12.68239 | 141.88892 | Napranum Aboriginal Shire Council | 1.63 | | | | | | |
| 21 | Weipa | -12.63000 | 141.87862 | Shire Council | 1.63 | | 31/12/1978 | Peter | 980 | 1.2 | 2.3 |
| 22 | Mapoon | -12.01906 | 141.90251 | Weipa Town | 1.63 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 23 | Cowal Creek | -10.89850 | 142.31783 | Mapoon Aboriginal Shire Council | 1.55 | | | | | | |
| 24 | Injinoor | -10.90626 | 142.32557 | Northern Peninsula Area Regional Council | 1.55 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 25 | Umagico | -10.89267 | 142.35113 | Northern Peninsula Area Regional Council | 1.55 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 26 | Seisia | -10.84999 | 142.36809 | Northern Peninsula Area Regional Council | 1.62 | | | | | | |
| 27 | New Mapoon | -10.86627 | 142.38640 | Northern Peninsula Area Regional Council | 1.62 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 28 | Red Island Point | -10.85000 | 142.36666 | Northern Peninsula Area Regional Council | 1.62 | | | | | | |
| 29 | Prince Of Wales Island (Muralug) | -10.68449 | 142.18506 | Torres Strait Island Regional Council | 1.90 | | | | | | |
| 30 | Friday (Gealug) Island | -10.59688 | 142.16529 | Torres Strait Island Regional Council | 1.81 | | | | | | |
| 31 | Horn (Narupai) Island | -10.60711 | 142.28418 | Torres Strait Island Regional Council | 2.09 | | | | | | |
| 32 | Thursday Island | -10.58499 | 142.22058 | Torres Strait Island Regional Council | 2.03 | | | | | | |

Map 2: Cape York Coastline cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm Tide Level (m) | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|---|-----------|-----------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|---------|------|-------|----------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| 33 Hammond Island | -10.55433 | 142.21891 | Torres Strait Island Regional Council | 2.06 | | | | | | |
| 34 Badu | -10.13238 | 142.18751 | Torres Strait Island Regional Council | 1.96 | | | | | | |
| 35 Saint Pauls, Moa Island (Banks Island) | -10.18750 | 142.33417 | Torres Strait Island Regional Council | 2.29 | | | | | | |
| 36 Kubin, Moa Island (Banks Island) | -10.23323 | 142.21917 | Torres Strait Island Regional Council | 1.78 | | | | | | |
| 37 Mabuiag Island | -9.95351 | 142.19223 | Torres Strait Island Regional Council | 1.99 | | | | | | |
| 38 Boigu Island | -9.23240 | 142.21862 | Torres Strait Island Regional Council | 2.76 | | | | | | |
| 39 Dauan Island | -9.44106 | 142.53946 | Torres Strait Island Regional Council | 2.09 | | | | | | |
| 40 Saibai Island | -9.38990 | 142.62002 | Torres Strait Island Regional Council | 2.03 | | | | | | |
| 41 Stephens Island | -9.50759 | 143.54528 | Torres Strait Island Regional Council | 2.09 | | | | | | |
| 42 Darnley Island | -9.58698 | 143.77055 | Torres Strait Island Regional Council | 2.28 | | | | | | |
| 43 Yorke (Masig) Island | -10.68355 | 142.52920 | Torres Shire | 2.04 | | | | | | |
| 44 Yam Island | -9.90337 | 142.77501 | Torres Strait Island Regional Council | 2.14 | | | | | | |
| 45 Murray Island | -9.91641 | 144.05251 | Torres Strait Island Regional Council | 1.71 | | | | | | |
| 46 Coconut Island | -10.04862 | 143.06780 | Torres Strait Island Regional Council | 2.27 | | | | | | |
| 47 Sue (Warraber) Islet | -10.20750 | 142.82473 | Torres Strait Island Regional Council | 2.13 | | | | | | |

Map 2: Cape York Coastline cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm Tide Level (m) | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|---------------------------|-----------|-----------|--|-------------------|-------------------------|------------|--------|----------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| 48 Somerset | -10.74084 | 142.59448 | Northern Peninsula Area Regional Council | 2.35 | | | | | | |
| 49 Orford Bay | -11.28269 | 142.81585 | Cook Shire Council | 2.40 | | | | | | |
| 50 Orford Ness | -11.29878 | 142.82750 | Cook Shire Council | 2.40 | | | | | | |
| 51 Shelburne Bay | -11.82687 | 142.97861 | Cook Shire Council | 2.35 | | | | | | |
| 52 Round Point | -11.90000 | 143.10000 | Cook Shire Council | 2.29 | | | | | | |
| 53 Cape Grenville | -11.96912 | 143.24249 | Cook Shire Council | 2.15 | | | | | | |
| 54 Temple Bay | -12.30069 | 143.13445 | Cook Shire Council | 2.13 | | | | | | |
| 55 Weymouth Bay | -12.49899 | 143.34114 | Cook Shire Council | 1.99 | | | | | | |
| 56 Portland Roads | -12.59474 | 143.41139 | Cook Shire Council | 1.87 | | | | | | |
| 57 Cape Weymouth | -12.61268 | 143.43749 | Cook Shire Council | 1.87 | | | | | | |
| 58 Lockhart River | -12.78515 | 143.34311 | Lockhardt River Council | 1.69 | National Storm Tide Map | 10/03/2005 | Ingrid | | | |
| 59 Cape Direction | -12.84187 | 143.54809 | Lockhardt River Council | 1.56 | | | | | | 1.15 |
| 60 Second Red Rocky Point | -12.96669 | 143.51668 | Lockhardt River Council | 1.57 | | | | | | |
| 61 First Red Rocky Point | -13.06668 | 143.51667 | Lockhardt River Council | 1.57 | | | | | | |
| 62 Silver Plains | -13.98345 | 143.54998 | Cook Shire Council | 1.96 | | | | | | |

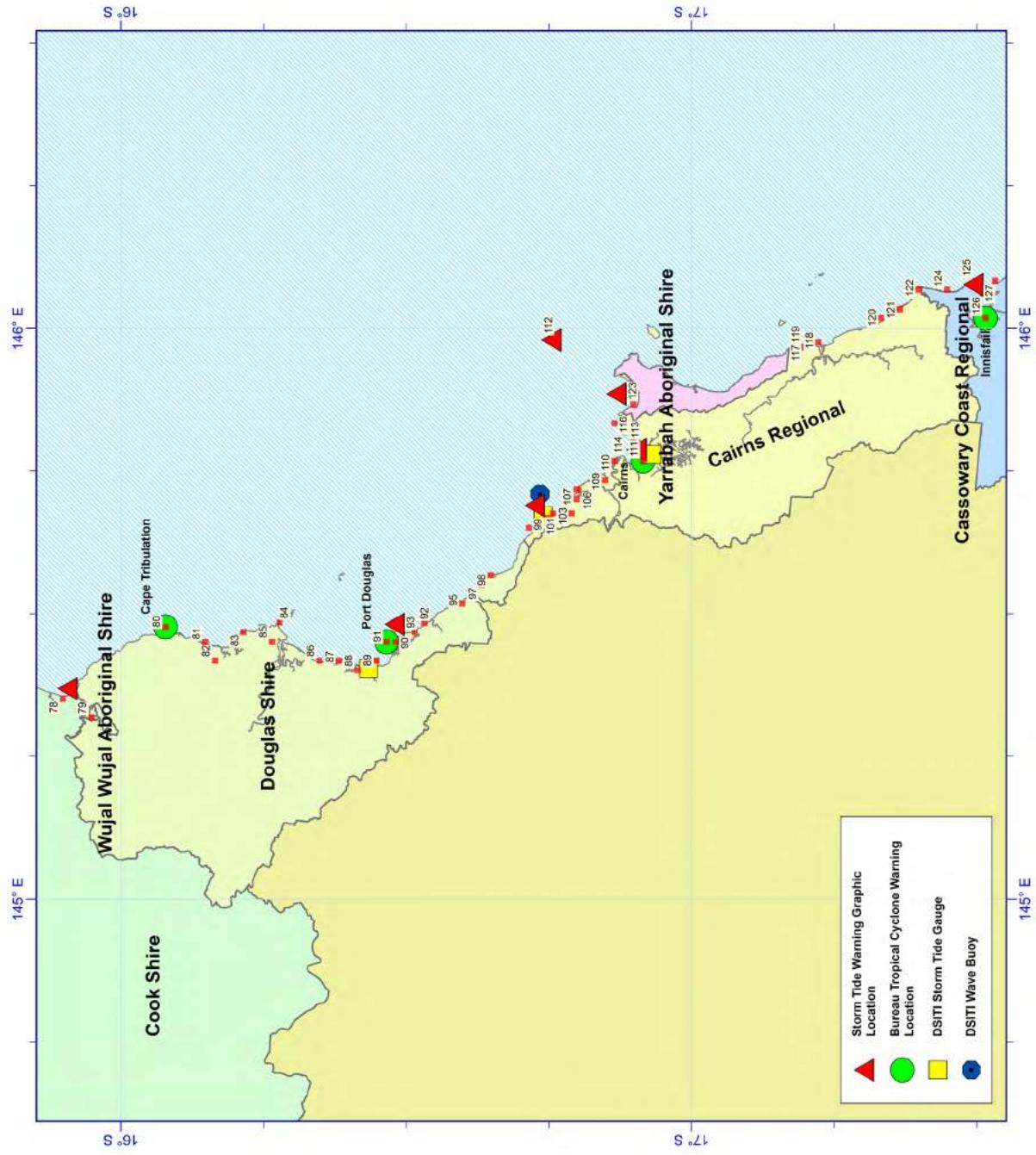
Map 2: Cape York Coastline cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|---------------------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------|-------------------|---------|------------|--------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 63 Princess Charlotte Bay | -14.21683 | 143.96805 | Cook Shire Council | 1.95 | | | | | | |
| 64 Annie River | -14.51518 | 143.93442 | Cook Shire Council | 1.95 | | | | | | |
| 65 Bathurst Bay | -14.23598 | 144.36783 | Cook Shire Council | 1.78 | | 05/03/1899 | Mahina | 914 | 13.7 | 13 |
| 66 Cape Melville | -14.17078 | 144.52304 | Cook Shire Council | 1.68 | | | | | | |
| 67 Lizard Island | -14.66666 | 145.46032 | Cook Shire Council | 1.58 | | | | | | |
| 68 Lookout Point | -14.83195 | 145.23027 | Cook Shire Council | 1.59 | | | | | | |
| 69 Cape Flattery | -14.94848 | 145.34971 | Hope Vale Council | 1.59 | | 4/03/1973 | Madge | 997 | 1 | |
| 70 Cape Bedford | -15.22424 | 145.34226 | Hope Vale Council | 1.43 | | | | | | |
| 71 South Cape Bedford | -15.27324 | 145.35778 | Hope Vale Council | 1.50 | | | | | | |
| 72 Grassy Hill | -15.46085 | 145.25529 | Cook Shire Council | 1.72 | | | | | | |
| 73 Hope Vale | -15.29629 | 145.11196 | Hope Vale Council | 1.50 | | | | | | |
| 74 Cooktown | -15.47227 | 145.25224 | Cook Shire Council | 1.72 | | 4/03/1973 | Madge | 997 | 1 | |
| 75 Quarantine Bay | -15.49376 | 145.27888 | Cook Shire Council | 1.72 | | | | | | |
| 76 Thomas Point | -15.70002 | 145.35000 | Cook Shire Council | 1.69 | | | | | | |
| 77 Cedar Bay | -15.81739 | 145.36779 | Cook Shire Council | 1.68 | | | | | | |

Map 2: Cape York Coastline cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm surge (m) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|----------------|-----------|-----------|---------------------|-------------------|---------|------|-------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 78 Ayton | -15.92307 | 145.35092 | Cook Shire Council | 1.67 | | | | | | | |
| 79 Wujal Wujal | -15.94598 | 145.31861 | Wujal Wujal Council | 1.67 | | | | | | | |

Map 3: Cairns Coastline



Map 3: Cairns Coastline cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT m above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|------------|-------|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 80 Cape Tribulation | -16.07792 | 145.47555 | Douglas Shire | 1.68 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 81 Noah Creek | -16.14847 | 145.45110 | Douglas Shire | 1.70 | | | | 960 | 0.9 | |
| 82 Thornton (Coopers) Beach | -16.17235 | 145.44055 | Douglas Shire | 1.70 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 83 Bailey Point | -16.21669 | 145.46666 | Douglas Shire | 1.70 | | | | 980 | 1.2 | 2.3 |
| 84 Cape Kimberley | -16.27875 | 145.48528 | Douglas Shire | 1.70 | | | | | | 0.6 |
| 85 Whitby | -16.26517 | 145.45110 | Douglas Shire | 1.70 | | | | | | |
| 86 Wonga | -16.33780 | 145.41779 | Douglas Shire | 1.77 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 87 Dayman (Rocky) Point | -16.38181 | 145.44777 | Douglas Shire | 1.77 | | | | | | |
| 88 Newell | -16.42736 | 145.40581 | Douglas Shire | 1.78 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 89 Cooya Beach | -16.44877 | 145.40861 | Douglas Shire | 1.78 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 90 Magazine Island | -16.48367 | 145.45778 | Douglas Shire | 1.78 | | | | | | |
| 91 Port Douglas | -16.48348 | 145.46526 | Douglas Shire | 1.78 | National Storm Tide Map | 11/03/1934 | 968 | 1.8 | | |
| 92 Four Mile Beach | -16.51937 | 145.47335 | Douglas Shire | 1.74 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 93 Craigie | -16.53871 | 145.47001 | Douglas Shire | 1.74 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 94 Pebbley Beach | -16.58293 | 145.51278 | Douglas Shire | 1.72 | | | | | | |

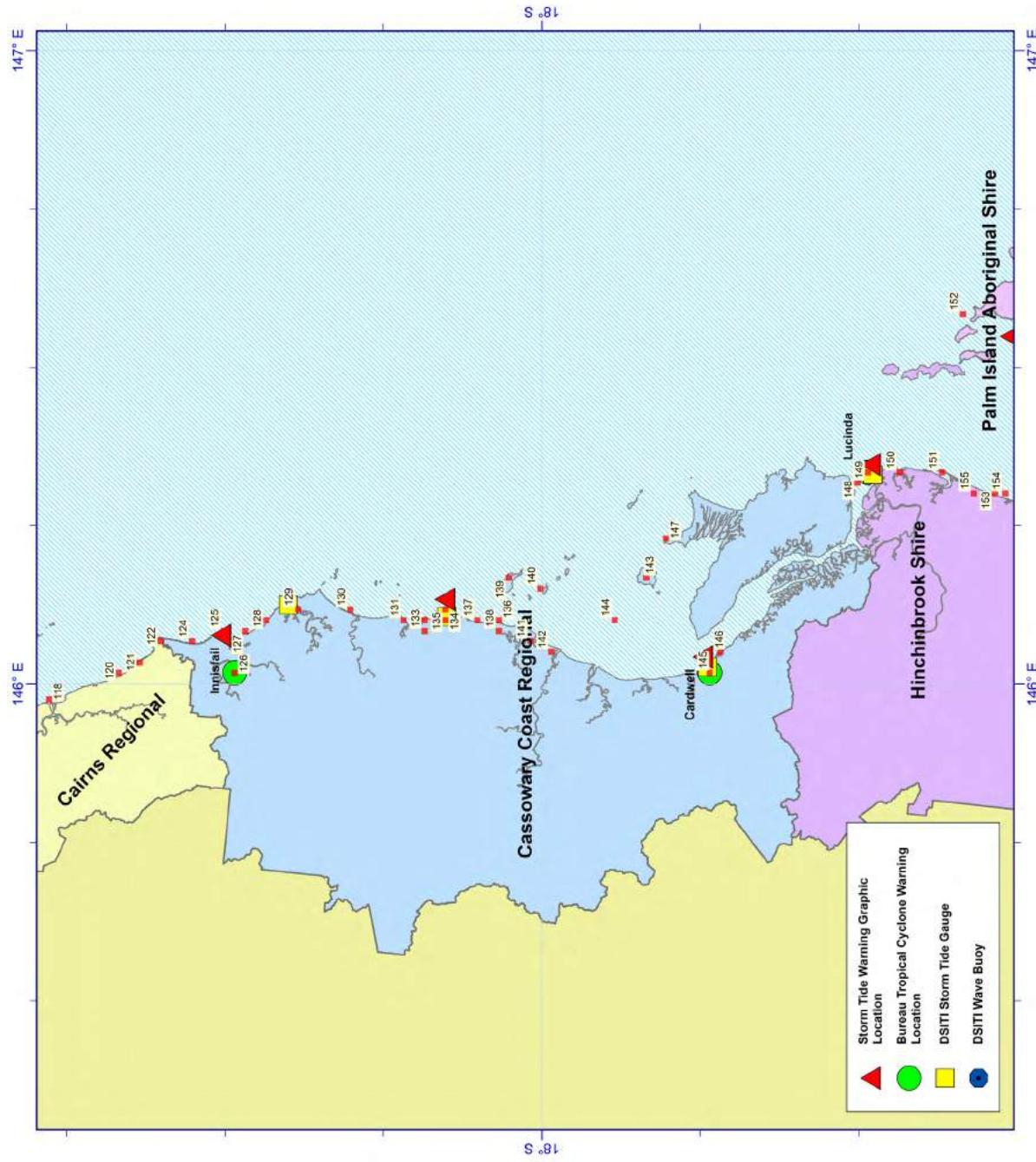
Map 3: Cairns Coastline cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm Tide Level (m) | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------|-------|----------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| 95 Oak Beach | -16.59987 | 145.52248 | Douglas Shire | 1.72 | | | | | | |
| 96 Pretty Beach | -16.60973 | 145.52972 | Douglas Shire | 1.72 | | | | | | |
| 97 Turtle Creek Beach | -16.62791 | 145.54889 | Douglas Shire | 1.69 | | | | | | |
| 98 Wangetti | -16.65834 | 145.56695 | Douglas Shire | 1.69 | | | | | | |
| 99 Ellis Beach | -16.72259 | 145.64335 | Cairns Regional | 1.64 | | | | | | |
| 100 Palm Cove | -16.74433 | 145.67101 | Cairns Regional | 1.70 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 101 Clifton Beach | -16.76041 | 145.67389 | Cairns Regional | 1.70 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 102 Taylor Point | -16.77558 | 145.69475 | Cairns Regional | 1.78 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 103 Kewarra Beach | -16.79086 | 145.68113 | Cairns Regional | 1.78 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 104 Trinity Beach | -16.78519 | 145.70000 | Cairns Regional | 1.78 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 105 Earl Hill | -16.79472 | 145.69998 | Cairns Regional | 1.78 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 106 Half Moon Bay | -16.80223 | 145.71679 | Cairns Regional | 1.76 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 107 Yorkeys Knob | -16.80277 | 145.72083 | Cairns Regional | 1.76 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 108 Holloways Beach | -16.83026 | 145.73946 | Cairns Regional | 1.78 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 109 Machans Beach | -16.85098 | 145.74999 | Cairns Regional | 1.81 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |

Map 3: Cairns Coastline cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 110 Barron Beach | -16.86694 | 145.76832 | Cairns Regional | 1.83 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 111 Cairns | -16.92189 | 145.77585 | Cairns Regional | 1.85 | National Storm Tide Map | 3/02/2011 | Yasi | 988 929 | >1.5 1.09 | 2.5 |
| 112 Green Island | -16.75957 | 145.97491 | Cairns Regional | 1.67 | | 1858 | | | | 2 awash |
| 113 Rolling Bay | -16.90743 | 145.80643 | Cairns Regional | 1.84 | | | | | | |
| 114 Bessie Point (Giangurra) | -16.90333 | 145.81223 | Cairns Regional | 1.84 | | | | | | |
| 115 Second Beach (Lyons Point) | -16.88865 | 145.82723 | Cairns Regional | 1.84 | | | | | | |
| 116 Koombal | -16.88174 | 145.83663 | Cairns Regional | 1.84 | | | | | | |
| 117 Woolamaroo | -17.21668 | 145.96668 | Cairns Regional | 1.63 | | | | | | |
| 118 Russell Heads | -17.22736 | 145.97097 | Cairns Regional | 1.63 | | | | | | |
| 119 Woolamaroo South | -17.23336 | 145.96667 | Cairns Regional | 1.63 | | | | | | |
| 120 Bramston Beach | -17.35236 | 146.02387 | Cairns Regional | 1.69 | | | | | | |
| 121 Rocky Point | -17.36669 | 146.03332 | Cairns Regional | 1.73 | | | | | | |
| 122 Cooper Point | -17.39999 | 146.06668 | Cairns Regional | 1.77 | | | | | | |
| 123 Yarrabah | -16.90653 | 145.87167 | Yarrabah Aboriginal Shire Council | 1.86 | | | | | | |

Map 4: Cassowary Coastline



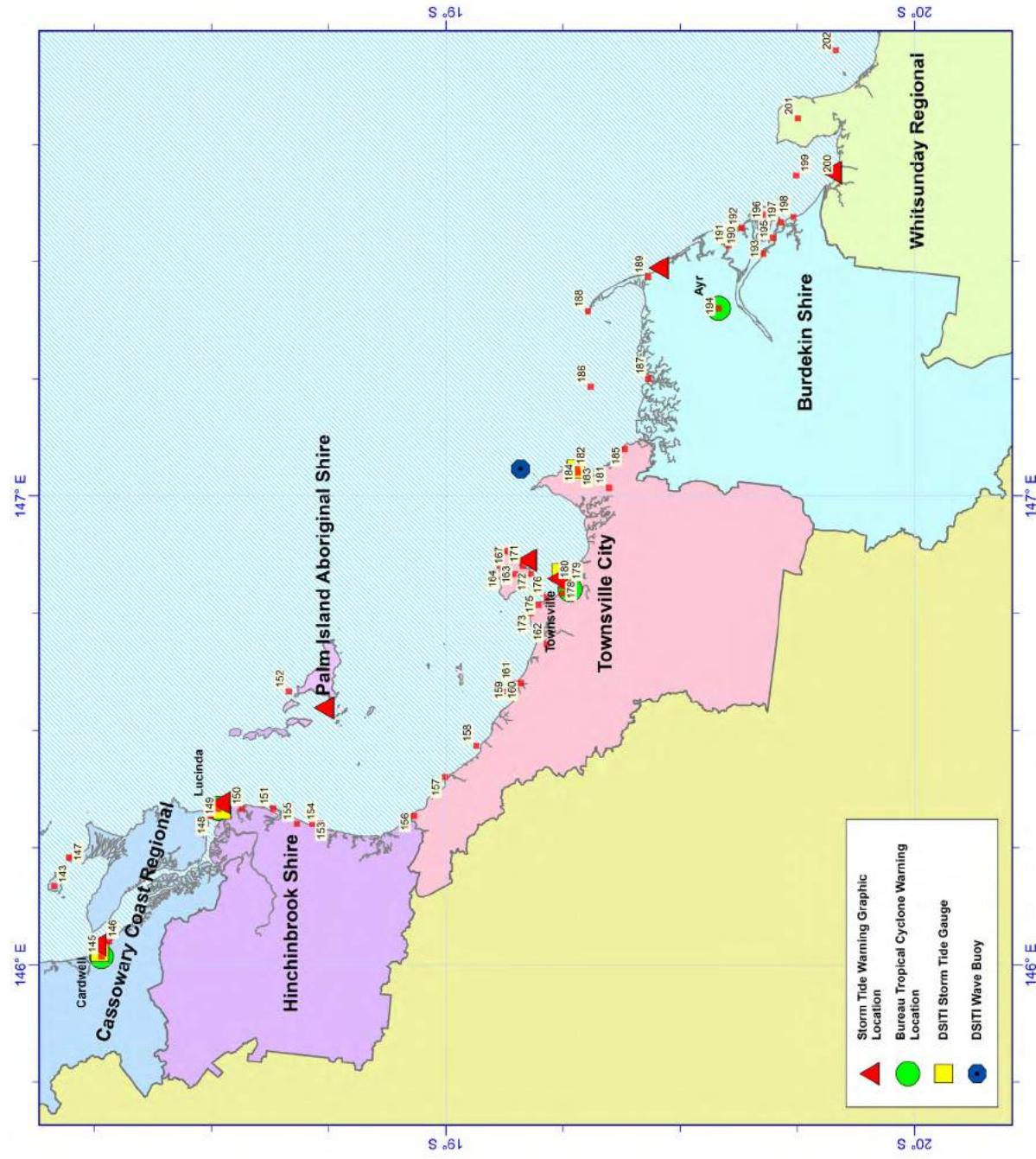
Map 4: Cassowary Coastline cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|----------------------------------|-------------------|---------|-------------------------|------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 124 Ella Bay | -1745151 | 146.06751 | Cassowary Coast Regional | 1.82 | | | | | | |
| 125 Flying Fish Point | -1750500 | 146.07724 | Cassowary Coast Regional | 1.84 | | | | | | |
| 126 Innisfail | -1752383 | 146.03120 | Cassowary Coast Regional | 1.84 | | 9/03/1918 | | 928 | >3 | 3.9 2.3 |
| 127 Thompson Point | -1753334 | 146.08333 | Cassowary Coast Regional | 1.84 | | | | | | |
| 128 Etty Bay | -1755930 | 146.09442 | Cassowary Coast Regional | 1.81 | | | | | | |
| 129 Mourilyan Harbour | -17.61029 | 146.12197 | Cassowary Coast Regional | 1.76 | | 20/03/2006 3/02/2011 | Larry Yasi | 929 | 1.3 1.32 | 1.6 |
| 130 Cowley Beach | -17.69596 | 146.11222 | Cassowary Coast Regional | 1.79 | | | | | | |
| 131 Kurrimine Beach | -17.77970 | 146.10390 | Cassowary Coast Regional | 1.85 | | | | | | |
| 132 Garners Beach | -17.81401 | 146.10393 | Cassowary Coast Regional | 1.90 | | | | | | |
| 133 Bingil Bay | -17.83320 | 146.10280 | Cassowary Coast Regional | 1.90 | | | | | | |
| 134 Warragon Beach | -17.84931 | 146.10556 | Cassowary Coast Regional | 1.89 | | | | | | |
| 135 Clump Point | -17.85001 | 146.11669 | Cassowary Coast Regional | 1.88 | | 20/03/2006 3/02/2011 | Larry Yasi | 929 | 2.3 2.97 | 2.6 2.42 |
| 136 Mission Beach | -17.93912 | 146.09445 | Cassowary Coast Regional | 1.85 | | | | | | |
| 137 Wongaling Beach | -17.90488 | 146.09751 | Cassowary Coast Regional | 1.87 | | | | | | |
| 138 South Mission Beach | -17.94346 | 146.09277 | Cassowary Coast Regional Council | 1.85 | | | | | | |

Map 4: Cassowary Coastline cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm Tide Level (m) | Storm surge (m) | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|---|-----------|-----------|----------------------------------|-------------------|---------|------------|-------|----------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| 139 Dunk (Coonanglebah) Island | -17.94542 | 146.15776 | Cassowary Coast Regional Council | 1.80 | | | | | | | |
| 140 Richards (Bedarra) Island | -18.00427 | 146.14858 | Cassowary Coast Regional Council | 1.85 | | | | | | | |
| 141 Hull Heads | -17.99691 | 146.07032 | Cassowary Coast Regional Council | 1.83 | | | | | | | |
| 142 Tully Heads | -18.01915 | 146.05669 | Cassowary Coast Regional Council | 1.87 | | | | | | | |
| 143 Goold Island | -18.16554 | 146.17107 | Cassowary Coast Regional Council | 1.95 | | | | | | | |
| 144 Rockingham Bay | -18.14589 | 146.08110 | Cassowary Coast Regional Council | 2.92 | | | | | | | |
| 145 Cardwell | -18.26675 | 146.03337 | Cassowary Coast Regional Council | 2.22 | | 20/03/2006 | Larry | 929 | 1.76 | 2.1 | 1.2 |
| 146 Oyster Point | -18.27746 | 146.04947 | Cassowary Coast Regional Council | 2.21 | | | | | | | |
| 147 Cape Richards (Hinchinbrook Island) | -18.19487 | 146.22945 | Cassowary Coast Regional Council | 1.93 | | | | | | | |

Map 5: Hinchinbrook, Townsville and Burdekin Coastlines



Map 5: Hinchinbrook, Townsville and Burdekin Coastlines cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm Tide Level (m) | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|-------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| 148 Dungeness | -18.52280 | 146.31777 | Hinchinbrook Shire Council | 2.13 | | | | | | |
| 149 Lucinda | -18.53287 | 146.33482 | Hinchinbrook Shire Council | 2.13 | National Storm Tide Map 3/02/2011 | 24/12/1971 | Althea Yasi | 952 929 | 0.9 >1.8 | 1.5 |
| 150 Gentle Annie Creek | -18.56516 | 146.33441 | Hinchinbrook Shire Council | 2.13 | | | | | | |
| 151 Taylors Beach | -18.63068 | 146.32585 | Hinchinbrook Shire Council | 2.16 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 152 Palm Islands | -18.73512 | 146.57966 | Palm Island Aboriginal Council | 2.10 | National Storm Tide Map | 7/12/1964 | Flora | 996 | 0.6 | |
| 153 Forrest Beach | -18.71011 | 146.29973 | Hinchinbrook Shire Council | 2.20 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 154 Cassady Beach | -18.73001 | 146.29361 | Hinchinbrook Shire Council | 2.20 | | | | | | |
| 155 Allingham | -18.70838 | 146.29532 | Hinchinbrook Shire Council | 2.16 | | | | | | |
| 156 Crystal Creek | -18.92903 | 146.32152 | Townsville City Council | 2.23 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 157 Balgal | -19.01696 | 146.41116 | Townsville City Council | 2.20 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 158 Toomulla | -19.08059 | 146.47507 | Townsville City Council | 2.17 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 159 Toolakea | -19.14446 | 146.57778 | Townsville City Council | 2.15 | National Storm Tide Map | 24/12/1971 | Althea | 952 | 3.6 | 3.3 |
| 160 Jalloonda | -19.15057 | 146.59890 | Townsville City Council | 2.12 | | | | | | 1.1 |
| 161 Saunders Beach | -19.15849 | 146.61029 | Townsville City Council | 2.12 | | | | | | |
| 162 Mount Low | -19.20848 | 146.68301 | Townsville City Council | 2.16 | | | | | | |

Map 5: Hinchinbrook, Townsville and Burdekin Coastlines cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm Tide Level (m) | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| 163 Magnetic Island | -19.13840 | 146.83451 | Townsville City Council | 2.14 | | | | | | |
| 164 Horseshoe Bay | -19.11151 | 146.85252 | Townsville City Council | 2.14 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 165 Radical Bay | -19.11121 | 146.87445 | Townsville City Council | 2.14 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 166 Florence Bay | -19.12266 | 146.88083 | Townsville City Council | 2.14 | | | | | | |
| 167 Arthur Bay | -19.13014 | 146.87834 | Townsville City Council | 2.14 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 168 Arcadia (Alma Bay) | -19.15167 | 146.86145 | Townsville City Council | 2.14 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 169 Alma Bay | -19.14881 | 146.87220 | Townsville City Council | 2.14 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 170 Geoffrey Bay | -19.15475 | 146.86527 | Townsville City Council | 2.14 | | | | | | |
| 171 Nelly Bay | -19.16501 | 146.85168 | Townsville City Council | 2.14 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 172 Picnic Bay | -19.18182 | 146.84112 | Townsville City Council | 2.14 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 173 Shelly Beach | -19.18125 | 146.75195 | Townsville City Council | 2.20 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 174 Townsville | -19.26506 | 146.80110 | Townsville City Council | 2.25 | | 24/12/1971 3/02/2011 | Althea Yasi | 952 929 | 2.9 2.36 | 0.4 2.62 |
| 175 Pallarenda | -19.19881 | 146.77391 | Townsville City Council | 2.22 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 176 Rowes Bay | -19.21907 | 146.79030 | Townsville City Council | 2.22 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 177 Belgian Gardens | -19.24544 | 146.79568 | Townsville City Council | 2.24 | | | | | | |

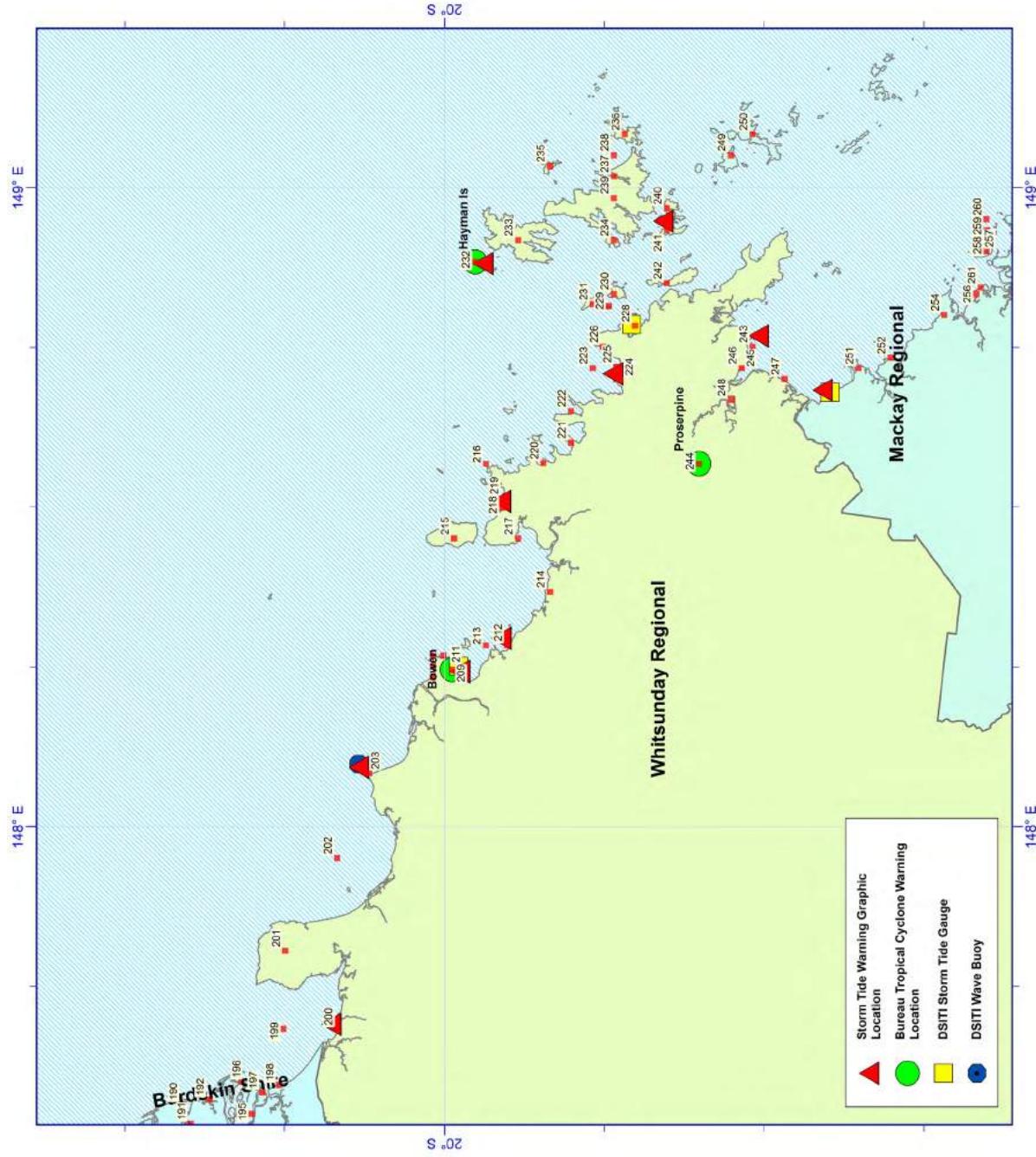
Map 5: Hinchinbrook, Townsville and Burdekin Coastlines cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm Tide Level (m) | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------|-------|----------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| 178 North Ward | -19.24779 | 146.80638 | Townsville City Council | 2.24 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 179 Townsville City | -19.25766 | 146.81788 | Townsville City Council | 2.25 | | | | | | |
| 180 Railway Estate | -19.27096 | 146.81665 | Townsville City Council | 2.24 | | | | | | |
| 181 Cape Cleveland | -19.18203 | 147.01359 | Townsville City Council | 2.18 | | | | | | |
| 182 Cape Ferguson | -19.27652 | 147.06112 | Townsville City Council | 2.15 | 03/02/2011 Yasi | 929 | 2.01 | | | |
| 183 Ticklebelly Bay | -19.27639 | 147.05819 | Townsville City Council | 2.15 | | | | | | |
| 184 Chunda Bay | -19.28043 | 147.05279 | Townsville City Council | 2.15 | | | | | | |
| 185 Cungulla | -19.39456 | 147.10896 | Townsville City Council | 2.15 | | | | | | |
| 186 Bowling Green Bay | -19.36553 | 147.25332 | Burdekin Shire Council | 2.05 | | | | | | |
| 187 Barratta Creek | -19.43431 | 147.24948 | Burdekin Shire Council | 2.13 | | | | | | |
| 188 Cape Bowling Green | -19.30910 | 147.40393 | Burdekin Shire Council | 2.05 | | | | | | |
| 189 Alva | -19.45556 | 147.48112 | Burdekin Shire Council | 1.98 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | |
| 190 Phillips Camp | -19.59010 | 147.56620 | Burdekin Shire Council | 1.98 | | | | | | |
| 191 Fieldings Landing | -19.60300 | 147.53450 | Burdekin Shire Council | 1.98 | | | | | | |
| 192 Hell Hole | -19.63150 | 147.57260 | Burdekin Shire Council | 1.98 | | | | | | |

Map 5: Hinchinbrook, Townsville and Burdekin Coastlines cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm surge (m) | Storm Tide Level (m) | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|--------------------|-----------|-----------|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------|-------|----------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| 193 Mays Landing | -19.67800 | 147.51810 | Burdekin Shire Council | 1.98 | | | | | | | |
| 194 Ayr | -19.57435 | 147.40666 | Burdekin Shire Council | 1.98 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 195 Groper Creek | -19.69186 | 147.53000 | Burdekin Shire Council | 1.98 | | | | | | | |
| 196 Burdekin River | -19.65474 | 147.58785 | Burdekin Shire Council | 1.98 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 197 Wunjunga | -19.73003 | 147.59236 | Burdekin Shire Council | 1.98 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 198 Beachmount | -19.74244 | 147.59802 | Burdekin Shire Council | 1.98 | | | | | | | |
| 199 Upstart Bay | -19.75100 | 147.69091 | Whitsunday Regional | 1.97 | | | | | | | |

Map 6: Whitsunday Coastline



Map 6: Whitsunday Coastline cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm surge (m) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------|---------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 200 Molongle Creek | -19.83280 | 147.69943 | Whitsunday Regional | 2.01 | National Storm Tide Map | 4/04/1989 | Aivu | 935 | 3.2 | 3.7 | 1.7 |
| 201 Cape Upstart | -19.70630 | 147.75277 | Whitsunday Regional | 1.97 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 202 Abbot Bay | -19.85070 | 147.96019 | Whitsunday Regional | 1.97 | | | | | | | |
| 203 Abbot Point | -19.88335 | 148.08331 | Whitsunday Regional | 1.97 | National Storm Tide Map | 28/02/1988 | Charlie | 972 | 0.4 | | |
| 204 Queens Beach | -19.97745 | 148.23246 | Whitsunday Regional | 1.95 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 205 Horseshoe Bay | -19.97903 | 148.26164 | Whitsunday Regional | 1.96 | | | | | | | |
| 206 Murray Bay | -19.98449 | 148.26501 | Whitsunday Regional | 1.96 | | | | | | | |
| 207 Rose Bay | -19.98987 | 148.26610 | Whitsunday Regional | 1.96 | | | | | | | |
| 208 Kings Beach | -20.00374 | 148.26525 | Whitsunday Regional | 1.96 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 209 Bowen | -20.01053 | 148.24184 | Whitsunday Regional | 1.95 | National Storm Tide Map | 30/01/1884 | hur | 3.1 | | | |
| 210 Yumbabullo (Stone Island) | -20.03538 | 148.28515 | Whitsunday Regional | 1.96 | | | | | | | |
| 211 Port Denison | -20.03586 | 148.25196 | Whitsunday Regional | 1.96 | | | | | | | |
| 212 Brisk Bay | -20.09348 | 148.28555 | Whitsunday Regional | 1.96 | | | | | | | |
| 213 Heronvale | -20.10768 | 148.29402 | Whitsunday Regional | 1.96 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 214 White Cliffs | -20.15815 | 148.36890 | Whitsunday Regional | 1.96 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |

Map 6: Whitsunday Coastline cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm surge (m) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------|---------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 215 Gloucester Island | -20.01410 | 148.45740 | Whitsunday Regional | 1.98 | | | | | | | |
| 216 George Point | -20.06678 | 148.56666 | Whitsunday Regional | 2.08 | | | | | | | |
| 217 Sinclair Bay | -20.11501 | 148.45276 | Whitsunday Regional | 1.98 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 218 Dingo Beach | -20.08960 | 148.49880 | Whitsunday Regional | 2.01 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 219 Nellie Bay | -20.09200 | 148.51440 | Whitsunday Regional | 2.03 | | | | | | | |
| 220 Earlando | -20.15480 | 148.56900 | Whitsunday Regional | 2.15 | | | | | | | |
| 221 Double Bay | -20.17472 | 148.61738 | Whitsunday Regional | 2.15 | | | | | | | |
| 222 Woodwork Bay | -20.19620 | 148.65428 | Whitsunday Regional | 2.19 | | | | | | | |
| 223 Pioneer Bay | -20.24564 | 148.71093 | Whitsunday Regional | 2.32 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 224 Cannonvale | -20.28303 | 148.68832 | Whitsunday Regional | 2.30 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 225 Airlie Beach | -20.26538 | 148.71862 | Whitsunday Regional | 2.30 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 226 Funnel Bay | -20.25371 | 148.74725 | Whitsunday Regional | 2.36 | | | | | | | |
| 227 The Beak | -20.28338 | 148.80004 | Whitsunday Regional | 2.45 | | | | | | | |
| 228 Shute Harbour | -20.29916 | 148.78556 | Whitsunday Regional | 2.42 | | 29/02/1988 | Charlie | 972 | 0.6 | | |
| 229 Daydream Island | -20.25527 | 148.81392 | Whitsunday Regional | 2.40 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |

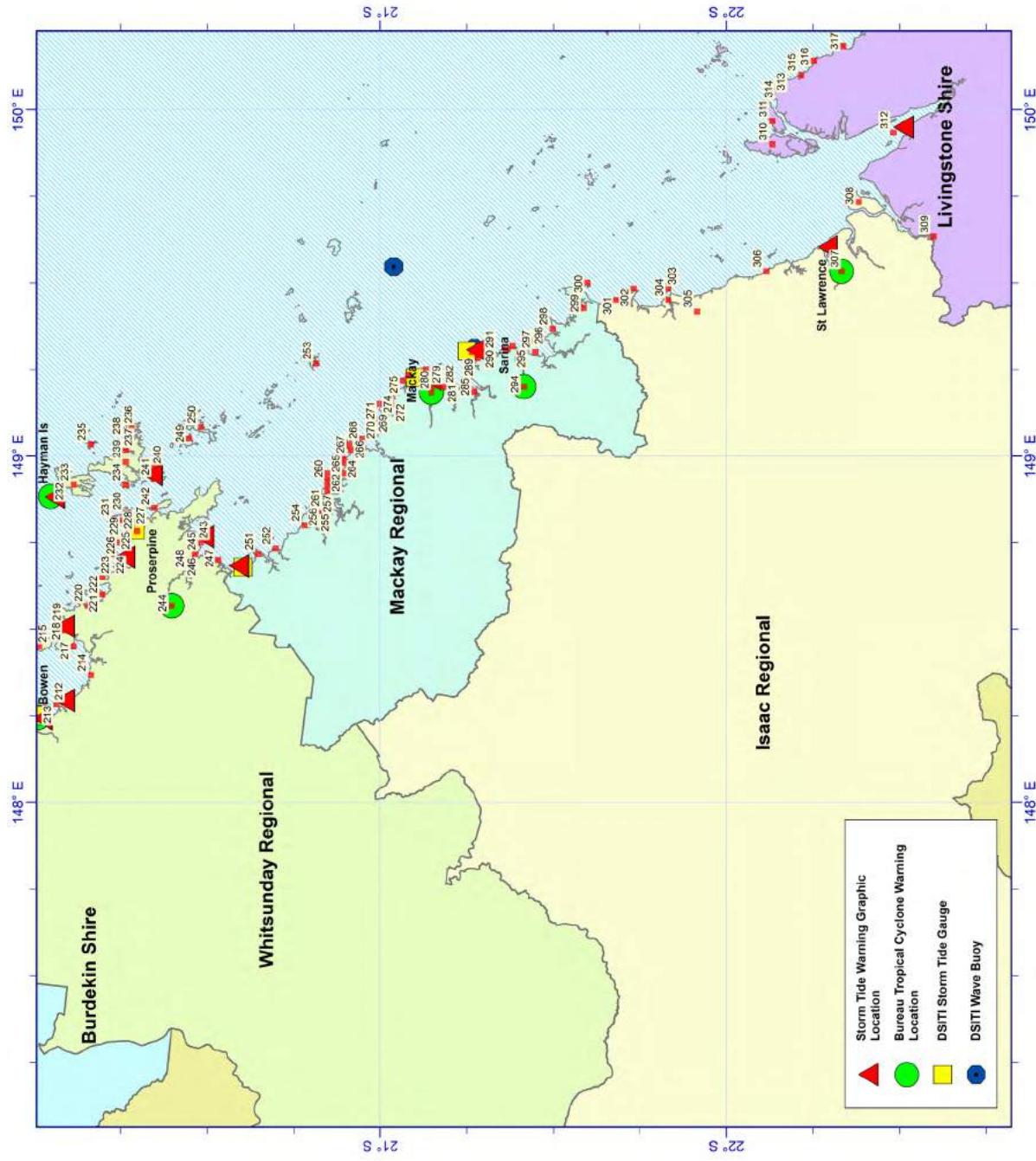
Map 6: Whitsunday Coastline cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm surge (m) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|------------------------|-----------|------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------|-------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 230 South Molle Island | -20.26922 | 148.83694 | Whitsunday Regional | 3.45 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 231 North Molle Island | -20.22862 | 148.82111 | Whitsunday Regional | 2.37 | | | | | | | |
| 232 Hayman Is | -20.05096 | 148.88791 | Whitsunday Regional | 2.40 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 233 Hook Island | -20.11671 | 148.92229 | Whitsunday Regional | 2.11 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 234 Cid Island | -20.26365 | 148.91501 | Whitsunday Regional | 2.48 | | | | | | | |
| 235 Border Is. | -20.16305 | 149.03392 | Whitsunday Regional | 2.10 | | | | | | | |
| 236 Haslewood Island | -20.28137 | 149.08616 | Whitsunday Regional | 2.65 | | | | | | | |
| 237 Hill Inlet | -20.26002 | 149.02084 | Whitsunday Regional | 2.46 | | | | | | | |
| 238 Whitehaven Bay | -20.26730 | 149.05668 | Whitsunday Regional | 2.48 | | | | | | | |
| 239 Whitsunday Island | -20.25972 | 148.98055 | Whitsunday Regional | 2.60 | | | | | | | |
| 240 Hamilton Island | -20.35332 | 148.96197 | Whitsunday Regional | 2.80 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 241 Dent Island | -20.35778 | 148.9251 | Whitsunday Regional | 2.67 | | | | | | | |
| 242 Long Island | -20.36496 | 148.855872 | Whitsunday Regional | 3.50 | | | | | | | |
| 243 Conway Beach | -20.47944 | 148.73984 | Whitsunday Regional | 3.49 | | | | | | | |
| 244 Proserpine | -20.40173 | 148.58091 | Whitsunday Regional | 3.34 | | | | | | | |

Map 6: Whitsunday Coastline cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm surge (m) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------|-------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 245 Wilson Beach | -20.47262 | 148.72385 | Whitsunday Regional | 3.33 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 246 Deepwater Point | -20.46668 | 148.71666 | Whitsunday Regional | 3.33 | | | | | | | |
| 247 New Beach | -20.52558 | 148.70142 | Whitsunday Regional | 3.40 | | | | | | | |
| 248 Lethe Brook | -20.44844 | 148.66779 | Whitsunday Regional | 3.34 | | | | | | | |

Map 7: Mackay Coastline



Map 7: Mackay Coastline cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm surge (m) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------|--------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 249 Lindeman Is. | -20.44581 | 149.04246 | Mackay Regional | 2.62 | | 15/02/1964 | Gertie | 983 | 0.6 | | |
| 250 Shaw Island | -20.48668 | 149.07554 | Mackay Regional | 2.65 | | | | | | | |
| 251 Midge Point | -20.64919 | 148.72142 | Mackay Regional | 3.49 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 252 Ten Mile Beach | -20.70011 | 148.73109 | Mackay Regional | 3.38 | | | | | | | |
| 253 Brampton Island | -20.80748 | 149.27258 | Mackay Regional | 3.17 | | | | | | | |
| 254 Mentmore Beach | -20.77294 | 148.79837 | Mackay Regional | 3.49 | | | | | | | |
| 255 Carpet Snake Point | -20.81672 | 148.83336 | Mackay Regional | 3.58 | | | | | | | |
| 256 St Helens Beach | -20.83508 | 148.84107 | Mackay Regional | 3.58 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 257 Rabbit Island | -20.84194 | 148.90113 | Mackay Regional | 3.58 | | | | | | | |
| 258 Newry Island | -20.85308 | 148.92253 | Mackay Regional | 3.64 | | | | | | | |
| 259 Outer Newry Island | -20.84947 | 148.93327 | Mackay Regional | 3.64 | | | | | | | |
| 260 Newry Port | -20.85965 | 148.94000 | Mackay Regional | 3.64 | | | | | | | |
| 261 Wootooroo | -20.83880 | 148.84350 | Mackay Regional | 3.58 | | | | | | | |
| 262 Seaforth | -20.90138 | 148.96750 | Mackay Regional | 3.51 | | | | | | | |
| 263 Halfway Bay | -20.90040 | 148.98010 | Mackay Regional | 3.53 | | | | | | | |

Map 7: Mackay Coastline cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm surge (m) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------|-------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 264 Holiday Bay | -20.89290 | 148.99140 | Mackay Regional | 3.51 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 265 Ball Bay | -20.90228 | 149.01110 | Mackay Regional | 3.53 | | | | | | | |
| 266 Smalleys Bch | -20.91290 | 149.01415 | Mackay Regional | 3.51 | | | | | | | |
| 267 Cape Hillsborough | -20.90590 | 149.04920 | Mackay Regional | 3.51 | | | | | | | |
| 268 Sand Bay | -20.95020 | 149.05378 | Mackay Regional | 3.51 | | | | | | | |
| 269 Williamsons Beach | -20.98456 | 149.10137 | Mackay Regional | 3.52 | | | | | | | |
| 270 Neils Beach | -21.00057 | 149.11221 | Mackay Regional | 3.55 | | | | | | | |
| 271 Shoal Point | -21.00007 | 149.15005 | Mackay Regional | 3.55 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 272 Bucasia | -21.03111 | 149.15998 | Mackay Regional | 3.56 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 273 Eimeo (Dolphin Hds) | -21.03620 | 149.17639 | Mackay Regional | 3.56 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 274 Blacks Beach | -21.05424 | 149.18664 | Mackay Regional | 3.58 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 275 Slade Point | -21.06331 | 149.22506 | Mackay Regional | 3.61 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 276 Lamber's Beach | -21.07433 | 149.22859 | Mackay Regional | 3.64 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 277 Mackay Harbour | -21.13317 | 149.24970 | Mackay Regional | 3.64 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 278 Harbour Beach | -21.11919 | 149.22323 | Mackay Regional | 3.64 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |

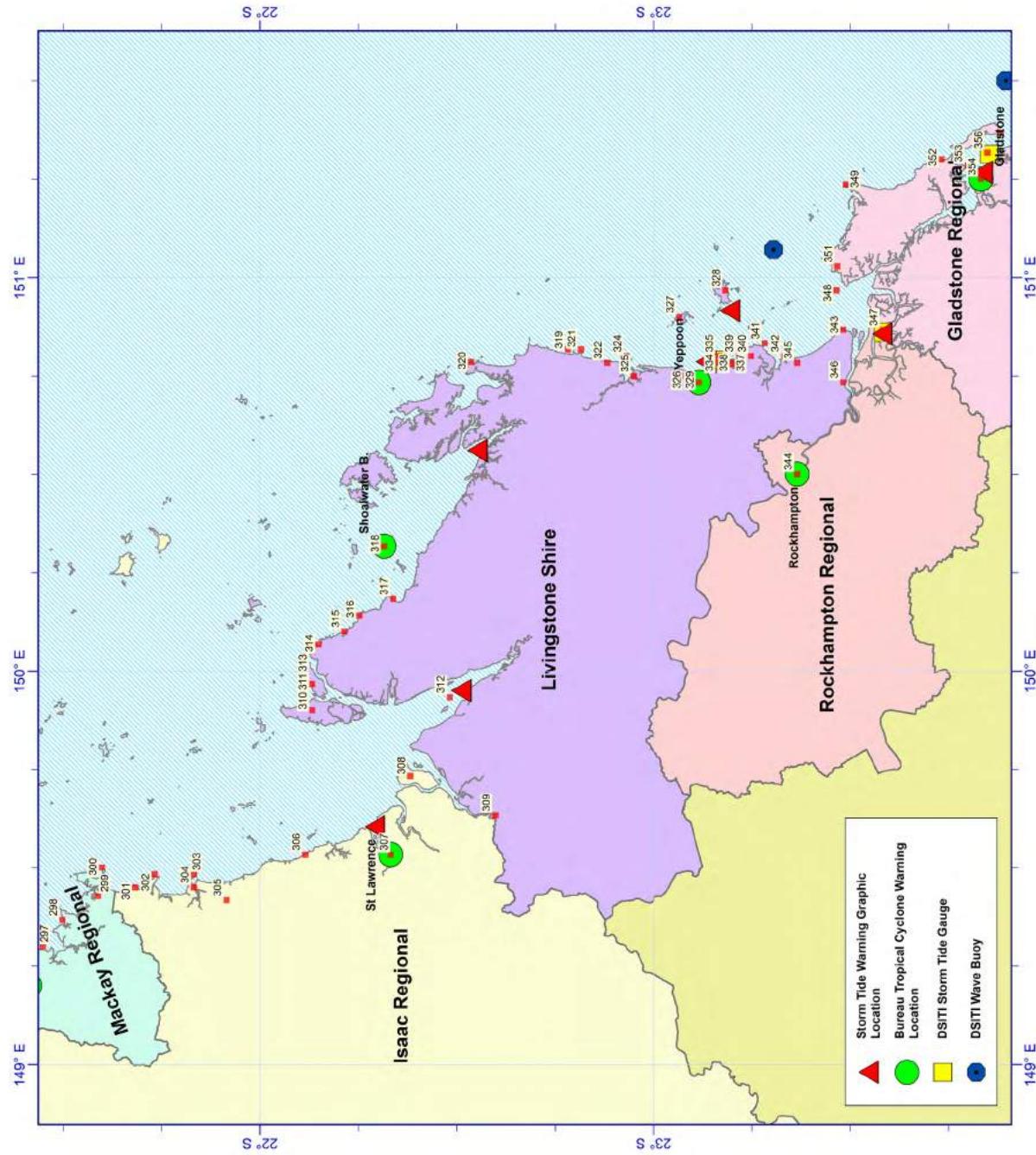
Map 7: Mackay Coastline cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm surge (m) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------|-------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 279 Mackay Town Beach | -21.15532 | 149.20252 | Mackay Regional | 3.64 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 280 Mackay | -21.14108 | 149.18588 | Mackay Regional | 3.64 | | 21/01/1918 | | 935 | 3.7 | 5.4 | 2 |
| 281 Far Beach | -21.18173 | 149.20108 | Mackay Regional | 3.64 | | | | | | | |
| 282 Bakers Creek | -21.21513 | 149.20108 | Mackay Regional | 3.75 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 283 McEwens Beach | -21.25170 | 149.20531 | Mackay Regional | 3.77 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 284 Sandringham Bay | -21.24991 | 149.22194 | Mackay Regional | 3.77 | | | | | | | |
| 285 Dunrock | -21.27170 | 149.18570 | Mackay Regional | 3.77 | | | | | | | |
| 286 Dudgeon Point | -21.25001 | 149.24999 | Mackay Regional | 3.77 | | | | | | | |
| 287 Louisa Creek | -21.26513 | 149.26778 | Mackay Regional | 3.78 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 288 Hay Point | -21.27415 | 149.29393 | Mackay Regional | 3.80 | | 19/01/1994 | Rewa | 970 | 0.5 | | |
| 289 Half Tide | -21.29732 | 149.29197 | Mackay Regional | 3.78 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 290 Victor Island | -21.32254 | 149.32266 | Mackay Regional | 3.84 | | | | | | | |
| 291 Salonika Beach | -21.32344 | 149.29414 | Mackay Regional | 3.84 | | | | | | | |
| 292 Grasstree Beach | -21.36376 | 149.30776 | Mackay Regional | 3.91 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 293 Campwin Beach | -21.37499 | 149.31527 | Mackay Regional | 3.94 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |

Map 7: Mackay Coastline cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm surge (m) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|----------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------|-------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 294 Sarina | -21.41513 | 149.20108 | Mackay Regional | 3.93 | | | | | | | |
| 295 Sarina Beach | -21.38829 | 149.31361 | Mackay Regional | 3.94 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 296 Freshwater Point | -21.43180 | 149.33525 | Mackay Regional | 3.98 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 297 Armstrong Beach | -21.45121 | 149.29140 | Mackay Regional | 3.98 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 298 Dawson Beach | -21.49948 | 149.37098 | Mackay Regional | 4.10 | | | | | | | |
| 299 C. Palmerston | -21.52953 | 149.48529 | Mackay Regional | 4.10 | | | | | | | |
| 300 Temple Island | -21.60121 | 149.49171 | Mackay Regional | 4.20 | | | | | | | |

Map 8: Isaac and Rockhampton Coastlines



Map 8: Isaac and Rockhampton Coastline cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm surge (m) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------|-------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 301 Green Hill | -21.68500 | 149.44945 | Isaac Regional Council | 4.32 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 302 Notch Point | -21.73334 | 149.48334 | Isaac Regional Council | 4.42 | | | | | | | |
| 303 West Hill Is | -21.82879 | 149.48658 | Isaac Regional Council | 4.50 | | | | | | | |
| 304 West Hill Ck | -21.83173 | 149.45108 | Isaac Regional Council | 4.50 | | | | | | | |
| 305 Carmila | -21.91161 | 149.41035 | Isaac Regional Council | 4.57 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 306 Clairview | -22.11751 | 149.53473 | Isaac Regional Council | 4.42 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 307 St Lawrence | -22.34555 | 149.53532 | Isaac Regional Council | 5.08 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 308 Rosewood Island | -22.38005 | 149.73001 | Isaac Regional Council | 5.10 | | | | | | | |
| 309 Styx | -22.59229 | 149.63524 | Livingstone Shire | 5.10 | | | | | | | |
| 310 Long Island | -22.12788 | 149.90533 | Livingstone Shire | 4.70 | | | | | | | |
| 311 Quail Island | -22.13600 | 149.97975 | Livingstone Shire | 4.70 | | | | | | | |
| 312 Herbert Creek | -22.48173 | 149.92439 | Livingstone Shire | 5.10 | | | | | | | |
| 313 Arthur Point | -22.12640 | 150.04391 | Livingstone Shire | 4.09 | | | | | | | |
| 314 Stange Bay | -22.14945 | 150.06890 | Livingstone Shire | 4.09 | | | | | | | |
| 315 The Shacks (Hollins Ck) | -22.21512 | 150.10109 | Livingstone Shire | 4.10 | | | | | | | |

Map 8: Isaac and Rockhampton Coastline cont.

| Point | Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm surge (m) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|-------|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|------------|-------|---|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 316 | Yenyarindle Huts (Broome Head) | -22.25210 | 150.14220 | Livingstone Shire | 4.00 | | | | | | | |
| 317 | Kreutzers Hut | -22.33770 | 150.18410 | Livingstone Shire | 4.05 | | | | | | | |
| 318 | Shoalwater Bay | -22.34758 | 150.39364 | Livingstone Shire | 4.19 | | | | | | | |
| 319 | Five Rocks Beach | -22.77880 | 150.80524 | Livingstone Shire | 2.78 | | | | | | | |
| 320 | Cape Clinton | -22.53696 | 150.78890 | Livingstone Shire | 2.99 | | | | | | | |
| 321 | Stockyard Point | -22.81897 | 150.81197 | Livingstone Shire | 2.78 | | | | | | | |
| 322 | Nine Mile Beach | -22.88152 | 150.78581 | Livingstone Shire | 2.78 | | | | | | | |
| 323 | Corio Bay | -22.93206 | 150.76830 | Livingstone Shire | 2.78 | | | | | | | |
| 324 | Little Corio Bay | -22.93537 | 150.79664 | Livingstone Shire | 2.78 | | | | | | | |
| 325 | Sandy Point | -22.95011 | 150.76667 | Livingstone Shire | 2.78 | | 19/01/1976 | David | 961 | 1.2 | 2.7 | |
| 326 | Farnborough | -23.06821 | 150.76821 | Livingstone Shire | 2.78 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 327 | North Keppel Island | -23.07292 | 150.89804 | Livingstone Shire | 2.64 | | | | | | | |
| 328 | Great Keppel Island | -23.17614 | 150.96058 | Livingstone Shire | 2.64 | | | | | | | |
| 329 | Yeppoon | -23.12886 | 150.74448 | Livingstone Shire | 2.78 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 330 | Cooee Bay | -23.14093 | 150.76053 | Livingstone Shire | 2.78 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |

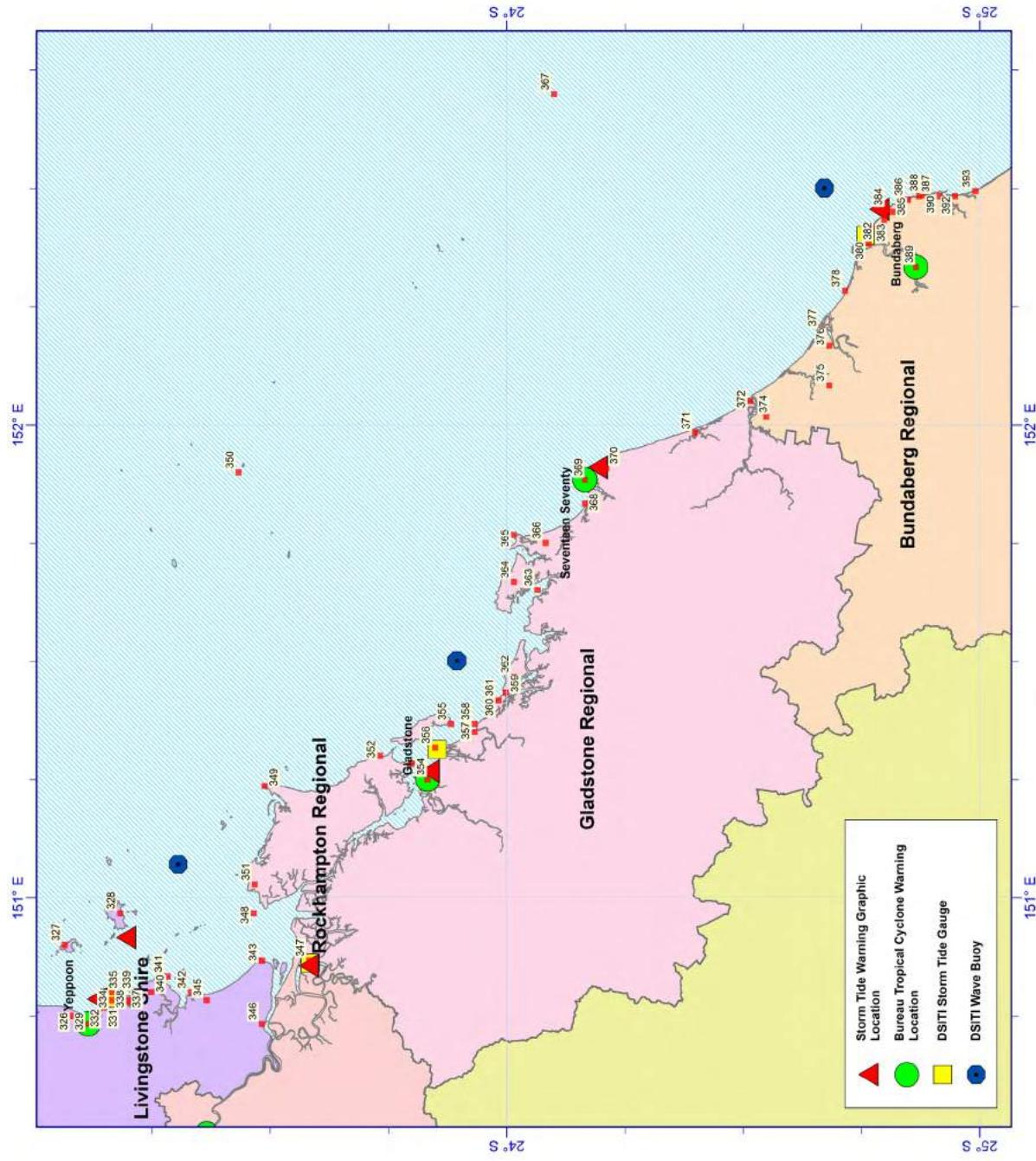
Map 8: Isaac and Rockhampton Coastline cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm surge (m) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------|-------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 331 Wreck Point | -23.14390 | 150.76391 | Livingstone Shire | 2.78 | | | | | | | |
| 332 Lammermoor Beach | -23.14956 | 150.76498 | Livingstone Shire | 2.78 | | | | | | | |
| 333 Statue Bay | -23.16586 | 150.78114 | Livingstone Shire | 2.78 | | | | | | | |
| 334 Rosslyn Bay | -23.16170 | 150.78751 | Livingstone Shire | 2.78 | National Storm Tide Map | 19/01/1976 | David | 961 | 1.2 | 2.7 | |
| 335 Kemp Beach | -23.17093 | 150.79136 | Livingstone Shire | 2.78 | | | | | | | |
| 336 Mulambin | -23.19707 | 150.79248 | Livingstone Shire | 2.79 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 337 North Causeway Lake | -23.19775 | 150.78344 | Livingstone Shire | 2.79 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 338 South. Causeway Lake | -23.20050 | 150.78050 | Livingstone Shire | 2.79 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 339 Kinka Beach | -23.21617 | 150.79309 | Livingstone Shire | 2.80 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 340 Emu Park | -23.25925 | 150.82389 | Livingstone Shire | 2.78 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 341 Zilzie Point | -23.27977 | 150.82475 | Livingstone Shire | 2.79 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 342 Keppel Sands | -23.32971 | 150.79333 | Livingstone Shire | 2.80 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 343 Cattle Point | -23.47728 | 150.87140 | Livingstone Shire | 2.81 | | | | | | | |
| 344 Rockhampton | -23.37809 | 150.51375 | Rockhampton Regional Council | 3.90 | | | | | | | |
| 345 Joskeleigh | -23.36724 | 150.77603 | Livingstone Shire | 2.80 | | | | | | | |

Map 8: Isaac and Rockhampton Coastline cont.

| Point | Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm surge (m) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|-------|----------------|-----------|-----------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|---------|-----------|-------|---|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 346 | Thompson Point | -23.48339 | 150.73334 | Livingstone Shire | 3.24 | | | | | | | |
| 347 | Port Alma | -23.58313 | 150.86083 | Rockhampton Regional Council | 3.13 | | 2/04/1972 | Emily | 985 | 0.6 | 1.4 | |

Map 9: Gladstone Coastline



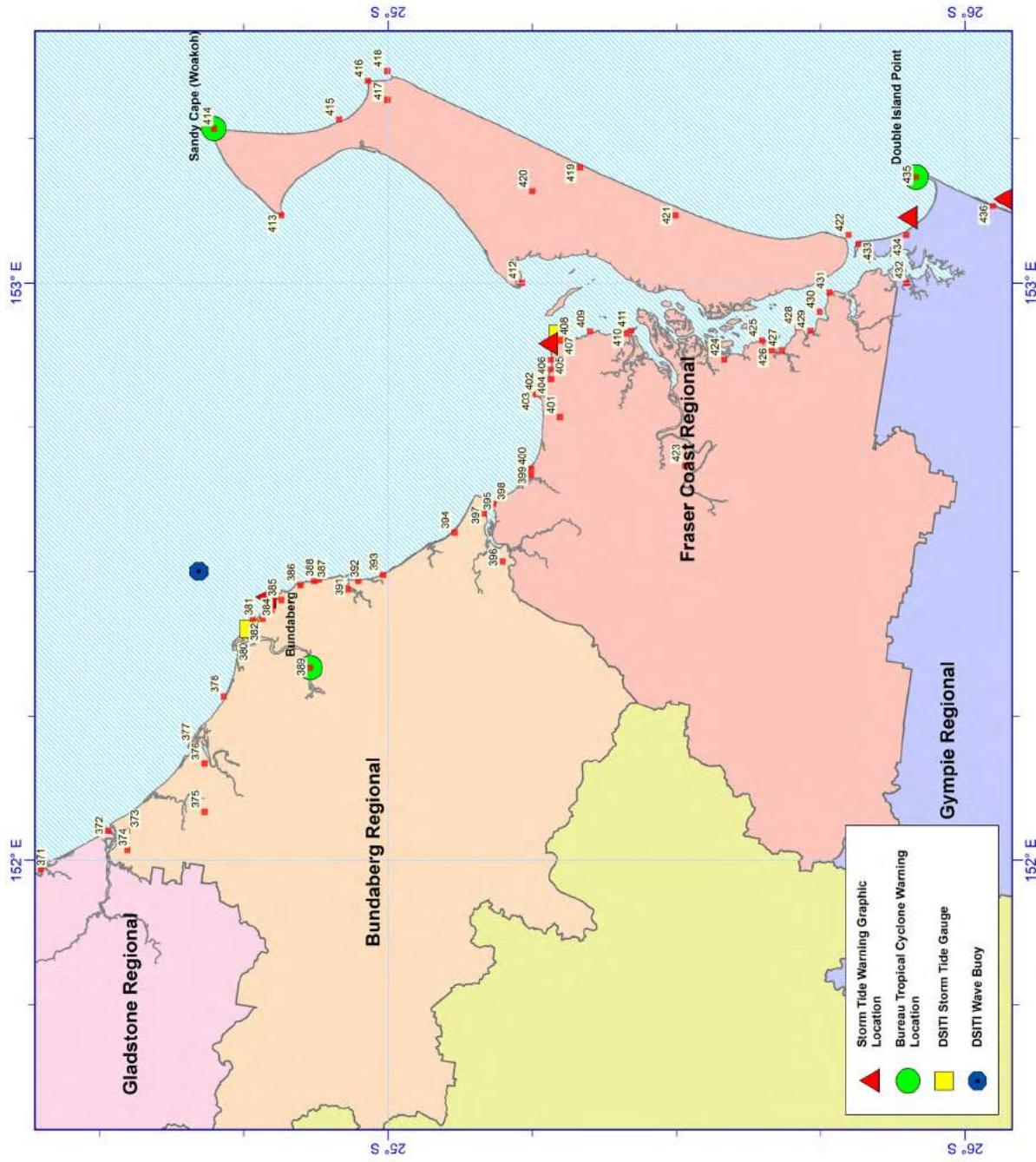
Map 9: Gladstone Coastline cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm surge (m) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|------------------------------|-----------|------------|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 348 Beachton | -23.48907 | 150.977897 | Gladstone Regional Council | 2.74 | | | | | | | |
| 349 C Capricorn | -23.48152 | 151.23164 | Gladstone Regional Council | 2.29 | | | | | | | |
| 350 Heron Island | -23.44285 | 151.91532 | Gladstone Regional Council | 1.86 | | | | | | | |
| 351 Spadeley (Curtis Island) | -23.46690 | 151.02910 | Gladstone Regional Council | 2.69 | | | | | | | |
| 352 Southend (Curtis Island) | -23.75668 | 151.31059 | Gladstone Regional Council | 2.25 | | | | | | | |
| 353 Quoin Island | -23.80586 | 151.28648 | Gladstone Regional Council | 2.50 | | | | | | | |
| 354 Gladstone | -23.84279 | 151.25561 | Gladstone Regional Council | 2.56 | National Storm Tide Map | 2/03/1949 | | 988 | 21.2 | 2.2 | 0.2 |
| 355 Gatcombe Hd Facing Is | -23.88080 | 151.37423 | Gladstone Regional Council | 2.21 | | | | | | | |
| 356 South Trees Point | -23.85006 | 151.31670 | Gladstone Regional Council | 2.40 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 357 Boyne Island | -23.94770 | 151.35503 | Gladstone Regional Council | 2.29 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 358 Tannum Sands | -23.94749 | 151.36752 | Gladstone Regional Council | 2.29 | National Storm Tide Map | 2/04/1972 | Emily | 985 | 0.9 | | |
| 359 Colosseum Inlet | -24.02003 | 151.43846 | Gladstone Regional Council | 2.24 | | | | | | | |
| 360 Wild Cattle Island | -23.98430 | 151.41206 | Gladstone Regional Council | 2.24 | | | | | | | |
| 361 Bangalee | -24.00529 | 151.43194 | Gladstone Regional Council | 2.24 | | | | | | | |
| 362 Hummock Hill | -24.01113 | 151.47505 | Gladstone Regional Council | 2.20 | | | | | | | |

Map 9: Gladstone Coastline cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm surge (m) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|-------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 363 Turkey Beach | -24.08253 | 151.65146 | Gladstone Regional Council | 2.09 | *Access road could be cut by floods | | | | | | |
| 364 Rodds Peninsula | -24.01630 | 151.67804 | Gladstone Regional Council | 2.09 | | | | | | | |
| 365 Bustard Hd | -24.01671 | 151.76666 | Gladstone Regional Council | 1.90 | | 2/04/1972 | Emily | 985 | 1.8 | | |
| 366 Middle Island | -24.09001 | 151.74982 | Gladstone Regional Council | 1.90 | | | | | | | |
| 367 Lady Elliot Island | -24.11299 | 152.71418 | Gladstone Regional Council | 1.55 | | 29/01/1967 | Dinah | 945 | | | |
| 368 Eurimbula Beach | -24.16819 | 151.83438 | Gladstone Regional Council | 1.97 | | | | | | | |
| 369 Seventeen Seventy | -24.16335 | 151.88528 | Gladstone Regional Council | 1.97 | | | | | | | |
| 370 Agnes Water | -24.21260 | 151.90331 | Gladstone Regional Council | 1.97 | | 2/04/1972 | Emily | 985 | 1.5 | | |
| 371 Deepwater Creek | -24.39842 | 151.98436 | Gladstone Regional Council | 0.95 | | | | | | | |
| 372 Baffle Creek | -24.52094 | 152.05472 | Gladstone Regional Council | 1.55 | | | | | | | |

Map 10: Bundaberg and Fraser Coast Coastlines



Map 1a: Bundaberg and Fraser Coast Coastlines cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm surge (m) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------|-------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 373 Boaga | -24.54842 | 152.05106 | Bundaberg Regional Council | 1.55 | | | | | | | |
| 374 Winfield | -24.55881 | 152.00421 | Bundaberg Regional Council | 1.51 | | | | | | | |
| 375 Littabella | -24.68471 | 152.07783 | Bundaberg Regional Council | 1.88 | | | | | | | |
| 376 Miara | -24.68751 | 152.16975 | Bundaberg Regional Council | 2.04 | | | | | | | |
| 377 Kolan River | -24.66512 | 152.20105 | Bundaberg Regional Council | 2.06 | | | | | | | |
| 378 Moore Park | -24.71741 | 152.27814 | Bundaberg Regional Council | 1.98 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 379 Skyringville | -24.74841 | 152.36775 | Bundaberg Regional Council | 1.98 | | | | | | | |
| 380 Fairymead Creek | -24.76937 | 152.36524 | Bundaberg Regional Council | 1.98 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 381 Burnett Heads | -24.75926 | 152.40615 | Bundaberg Regional Council | 1.98 | National Storm Tide Map | 16/03/1992 | Fran | 980 | 1 | 2.1 | 0.2 |
| 382 The Oaks | -24.77127 | 152.41876 | Bundaberg Regional Council | 1.88 | | | | | | | |
| 383 Mon Repos | -24.78895 | 152.44166 | Bundaberg Regional Council | 1.90 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 384 Neilson Park | -24.80749 | 152.45668 | Bundaberg Regional Council | 1.98 | | | | | | | |
| 385 Bargara | -24.82058 | 152.46254 | Bundaberg Regional Council | 1.98 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 386 Rifle Range Creek | -24.84760 | 152.47740 | Bundaberg Regional Council | 2.01 | | | | | | | |
| 387 Innes Park | -24.86617 | 152.48050 | Bundaberg Regional Council | 2.06 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |

Map 10: Bundaberg and Fraser Coast Coastlines cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm surge (m) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 388 Barolin | -24.88335 | 152.48337 | Bundaberg Regional Council | 2.06 | | | | | | | |
| 389 Bundaberg | -24.86616 | 152.34949 | Bundaberg Regional Council | 2.25 | | 2/04/1972 | Emily | 985 | 0.9 | 1.5 | |
| 390 Elliott Hds | -24.91200 | 152.49029 | Bundaberg Regional Council | 2.06 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 391 Riverview | -24.93060 | 152.46960 | Bundaberg Regional Council | 2.06 | | | | | | | |
| 392 Coonarr | -24.95863 | 152.48495 | Bundaberg Regional Council | 2.06 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 393 Palm Beach | -24.99140 | 152.49530 | Bundaberg Regional Council | 2.08 | | | | | | | |
| 394 Woodgate | -25.10271 | 152.56059 | Bundaberg Regional Council | 2.13 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 395 Walkers Point | -25.17007 | 152.59141 | Bundaberg Regional Council | 2.08 | | | | | | | |
| 396 Buxton | -25.19790 | 152.53825 | Bundaberg Regional Council | 2.06 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 397 Burrum River | -25.17571 | 152.62310 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 2.16 | | | | | | | |
| 398 Burrum Heads | -25.18421 | 152.61391 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 2.16 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 399 Toogoom | -25.24593 | 152.67108 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 2.20 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 400 Toogoom East | -25.25902 | 152.69590 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 2.20 | | | | | | | |
| 401 Dundowran | -25.28947 | 152.76814 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 2.22 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 402 Point Vernon West | -25.25700 | 152.80800 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 2.22 | | | | | | | |

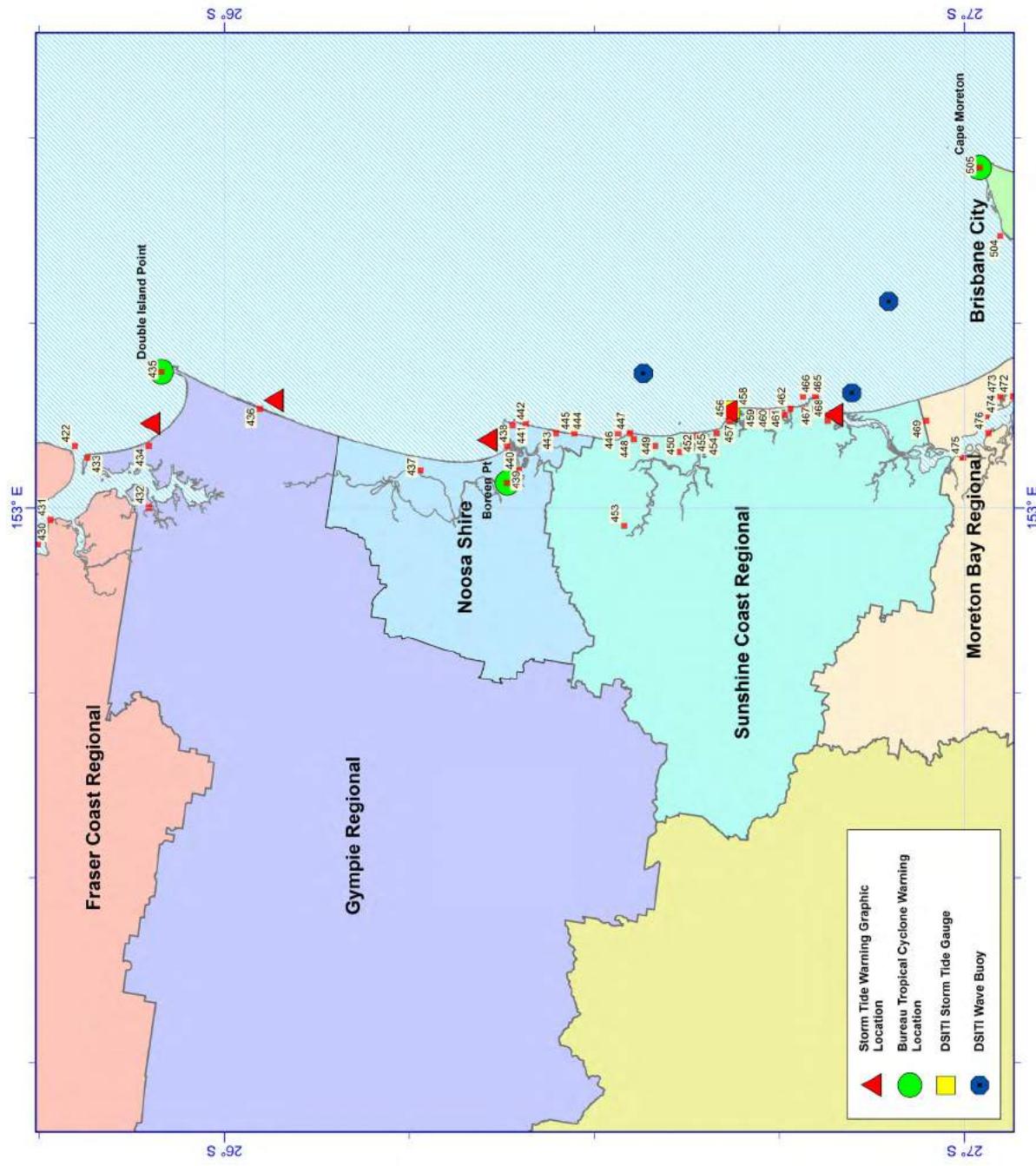
Map 1a: Bundaberg and Fraser Coast Coastlines cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm surge (m) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|--------------------------|-----------|------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------|-------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 403 Point Vernon | -25.25007 | 152.81671 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 2.22 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 404 Pialba | -25.28058 | 152.83867 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 2.23 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 405 Scarness | -25.28445 | 152.85761 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 2.23 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 406 Torquay | -25.28430 | 152.87140 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 2.24 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 407 Urangan | -25.28155 | 152.900087 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 2.24 | National Storm Tide Map | 16/03/1992 | Fran | 980 | 0.7 | 2.2 | |
| 408 Urangan Harbour | -25.29584 | 152.91059 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 2.24 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 409 Mangrove Point | -25.36471 | 152.91752 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 2.32 | | | | | | | |
| 410 River Heads | -25.41333 | 152.91362 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 2.43 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 411 Bingham | -25.42921 | 152.92230 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 2.43 | | | | | | | |
| 412 Mooan | -25.23171 | 153.00105 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 2.17 | | | | | | | |
| 413 Rooney Point | -24.81676 | 153.11665 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 1.84 | | | | | | | |
| 414 Sandy Cape (Woakoh) | -24.70015 | 153.26334 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 1.34 | | | | | | | |
| 415 Orchid Beach | -24.91512 | 153.28133 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 3.36 | | | | | | | |
| 416 Waddy Point (Minker) | -24.96511 | 153.35104 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 1.36 | | | | | | | |
| 417 Wathumba | -24.98336 | 153.23032 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 2.02 | | | | | | | |

Map 10: Bundaberg and Fraser Coast Coastlines cont.

| Point | Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm surge (m) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|-------|-------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|---------|------|-------|---|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 418 | Indian Head | -25.00607 | 153.35946 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 1.36 | | | | | | | |
| 419 | Happy Valley | -25.33751 | 153.20055 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 1.31 | | | | | | | |
| 420 | Fraser Island | -25.24863 | 153.16503 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 1.31 | | | | | | | |
| 421 | Eurong | -25.51139 | 153.12611 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 1.29 | | | | | | | |
| 422 | Hook Point | -25.79156 | 153.07668 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 1.25 | | | | | | | |
| 423 | Maryborough | -25.53740 | 152.70206 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 2.70 | | | | | | | |
| 424 | Maaroom | -25.60983 | 152.87276 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 2.00 | | | | | | | |
| 425 | Boonooroo | -25.66841 | 152.90195 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 1.70 | | | | | | | |
| 426 | Little Tuan Creek | -25.67333 | 152.87834 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 1.64 | | | | | | | |
| 427 | Big Tuan Creek | -25.68452 | 152.87910 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 1.62 | | | | | | | |
| 428 | Poona | -25.71038 | 152.92217 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 1.50 | | | | | | | |
| 429 | Tawan | -25.74452 | 152.93217 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 1.50 | | | | | | | |
| 430 | Tinnanbar | -25.75863 | 152.95781 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 1.40 | | | | | | | |
| 431 | Cowra Point | -25.76780 | 152.97504 | Fraser Coast Regional Council | 1.40 | | | | | | | |

Map 11: Gympie and Sunshine Coast Coastlines



Map 11: Gympie and Sunshine Coast Coastlines cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm surge (m) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------|-------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 432 Tin Can Bay | -25.91641 | 153.00366 | Gympie Regional Council | 1.58 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 433 Inskip Point | -25.81116 | 153.07278 | Gympie Regional Council | 1.25 | | | | | | | |
| 434 Rainbow Beach | -25.90749 | 153.08890 | Gympie Regional Council | 1.24 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 435 Double Island Point | -25.93014 | 153.18587 | Gympie Regional Council | 1.16 | | | | | | | |
| 436 Cooloola Beach | -26.04842 | 153.13633 | Gympie Regional Council | 1.22 | | | | | | | |
| 437 Teewah | -26.27805 | 153.06419 | Noosa Shire | 1.17 | | | | | | | |
| 438 Noosa River | -26.38171 | 153.08435 | Noosa Shire | 0.86 | | | | | | | |
| 439 Boreen Point | -26.28510 | 152.99831 | Noosa Shire | 0.43 | | 17/03/1993 | Roger | 985 | 0.5 | | |
| 440 Tewantin | -26.39171 | 153.03862 | Noosa Shire | 0.55 | | | | | | | |
| 441 Noosaville | -26.39806 | 153.06168 | Noosa Shire | 0.70 | National Storm Tide Map | 17/03/1993 | Roger | 985 | 0.6 | 0.9 | |
| 442 Noosa Heads | -26.38703 | 153.09134 | Noosa Shire | 1.16 | | 24/01/1974 | Wanda | 995 | 0.6 | | |
| 443 Sunshine Beach | -26.40674 | 153.11301 | Noosa Shire | 1.16 | | | | | | | |
| 444 Marcus Beach | -26.44702 | 153.10384 | Noosa Shire | 1.16 | | | | | | | |
| 445 Peregian Beach | -26.48007 | 153.09854 | Noosa Shire | 1.16 | | | | | | | |
| 446 Coolum Beach | -26.53009 | 153.09301 | Sunshine Coast Regional Council | 1.17 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |

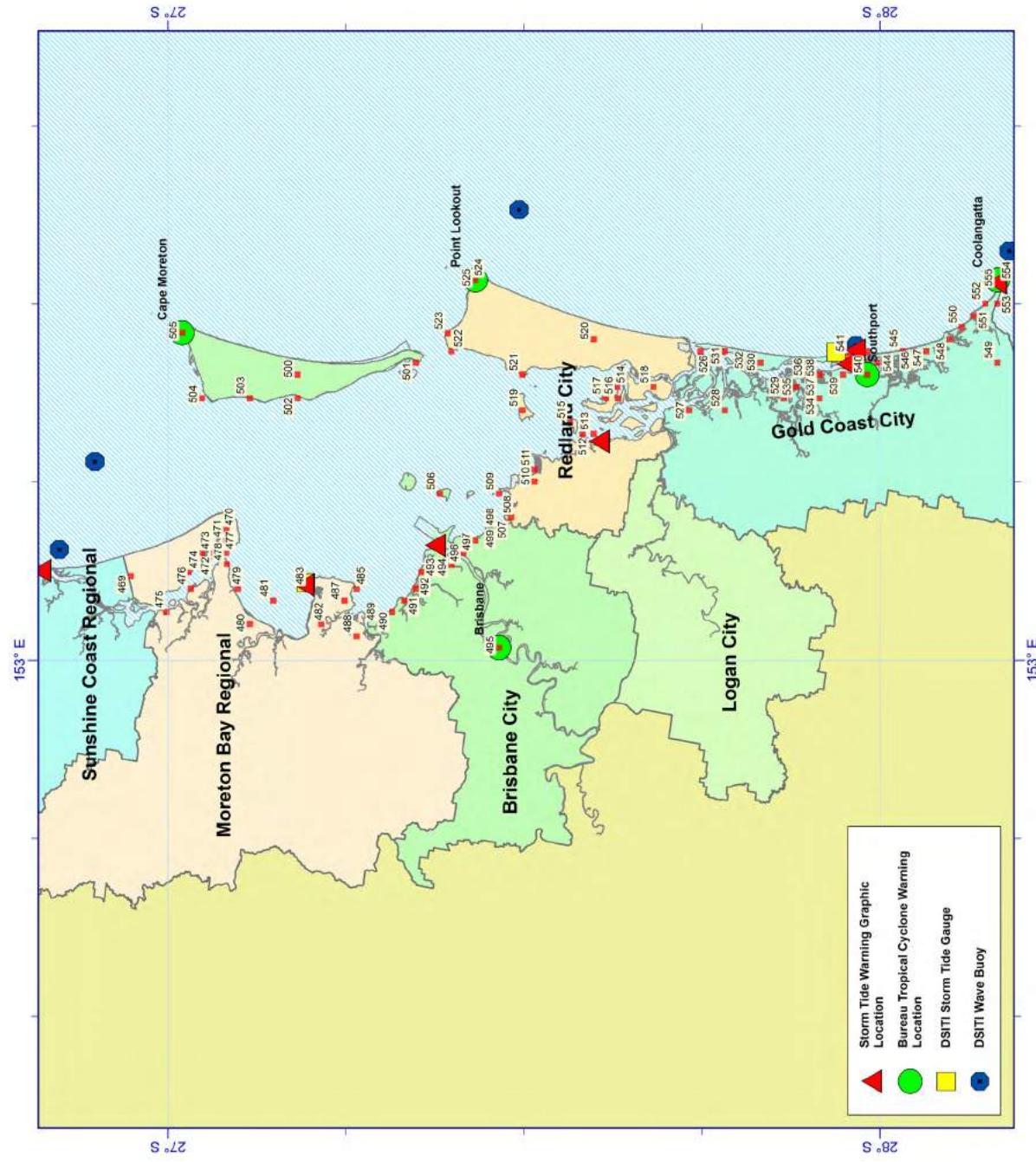
Map 11: Gympie and Sunshine Coast Coastlines cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm surge (m) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------|-------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 447 Point Arkwright | -26.54661 | 153.10286 | Sunshine Coast Regional Council | 1.17 | | | | | | | |
| 448 Yaroomba | -26.54978 | 153.10164 | Sunshine Coast Regional Council | 1.17 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 449 Marcoola | -26.58342 | 153.09557 | Sunshine Coast Regional Council | 1.17 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 450 Pacific Paradise | -26.61587 | 153.08090 | Sunshine Coast Regional Council | 0.90 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 51 Mudjimba | -26.61501 | 153.10194 | Sunshine Coast Regional Council | 1.17 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 452 Twin Waters | -26.62974 | 153.08562 | Sunshine Coast Regional Council | 1.18 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 453 Ninderry | -26.54775 | 152.96812 | Sunshine Coast Regional Council | 1.08 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 454 Cotton Tree (Maroochy River) | -26.65285 | 153.10049 | Sunshine Coast Regional Council | 1.18 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 455 Maroochydore | -26.65536 | 153.09331 | Sunshine Coast Regional Council | 0.95 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 456 Alexandra Head | -26.67407 | 153.11369 | Sunshine Coast Regional Council | 1.18 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 457 Mooloolaba | -26.68119 | 153.12174 | Sunshine Coast Regional Council | 1.18 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 458 Buddina | -26.70470 | 153.12996 | Sunshine Coast Regional Council | 1.18 | | | | | | | |
| 459 Warana | -26.72858 | 153.12888 | Sunshine Coast Regional Council | 1.17 | | | | | | | |
| 460 Bokarina | -26.73613 | 153.12964 | Sunshine Coast Regional Council | 1.13 | | | | | | | |
| 461 Wurtulla | -26.76001 | 153.12451 | Sunshine Coast Regional Council | 1.10 | | | | | | | |

Map 11: Gympie and Sunshine Coast Coastlines cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm surge (m) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|------------------|-----------|-----------|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------|-------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 462 Currimundi | -26.76511 | 153.13435 | Sunshine Coast Regional Council | 1.10 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 463 Dicky Beach | -26.78286 | 153.13940 | Sunshine Coast Regional Council | 1.08 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 464 Moffat Beach | -26.78900 | 153.14249 | Sunshine Coast Regional Council | 1.08 | | | | | | | |
| 465 Shelly Beach | -26.79759 | 153.14885 | Sunshine Coast Regional Council | 1.06 | | | | | | | |
| 466 Kings Beach | -26.80425 | 153.14161 | Sunshine Coast Regional Council | 1.06 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 467 Caloundra | -26.80477 | 153.13388 | Sunshine Coast Regional Council | 1.06 | | | | | | | |
| 468 Golden Beach | -26.82120 | 153.12164 | Sunshine Coast Regional Council | 0.96 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |

Map 12: Moreton Bay, Brisbane, Redlands and Gold Coast Coastlines



Map 12: Moreton Bay, Brisbane, Redlands and Gold Coast Coastlines cont.

| Point | Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm surge (m) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|-------|---------------|-----------|------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|------------|-------|---|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 469 | Bribie Island | -26.95066 | 153.12437 | Moreton Bay Regional Council | 1.15 | | 11/02/1972 | Daisy | 959 | 0.8 | | |
| 470 | Woorim | -27.06777 | 153.20945 | Moreton Bay Regional Council | 1.23 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 471 | Bongaree | -27.08153 | 153.15846 | Moreton Bay Regional Council | 1.25 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 472 | Bellara | -27.06623 | 153.14940 | Moreton Bay Regional Council | 1.26 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 473 | Banksia Beach | -27.04460 | 153.13722 | Moreton Bay Regional Council | 1.29 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 474 | Old Bribie | -27.02930 | 153.12370 | Moreton Bay Regional Council | 1.34 | | | | | | | |
| 475 | Donnybrook | -27.00480 | 153.06998 | Moreton Bay Regional Council | 1.23 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 476 | Toorbul | -27.03640 | 153.1.0029 | Moreton Bay Regional Council | 1.35 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 477 | Toorbul Point | -27.07557 | 153.14419 | Moreton Bay Regional Council | 1.25 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 478 | Pebble Beach | -27.08270 | 153.13500 | Moreton Bay Regional Council | 1.25 | | | | | | | |
| 479 | Godwin Beach | -27.08732 | 153.11026 | Moreton Bay Regional Council | 1.28 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 480 | Beachmere | -27.12945 | 153.05397 | Moreton Bay Regional Council | 1.30 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 481 | Deception Bay | -27.14924 | 153.09223 | Moreton Bay Regional Council | 1.30 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 482 | Rothwell | -27.21481 | 153.04686 | Moreton Bay Regional Council | 1.36 | | | | | | | |
| 483 | Scarborough | -27.19425 | 153.10694 | Moreton Bay Regional Council | 1.26 | | | | | | | |

Map 12: Moreton Bay, Brisbane, Redlands and Gold Coast Coastlines cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm surge (m) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|-------------------|-----------|-----------|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------|-------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 484 Redcliffe | -27.22780 | 153.11501 | Moreton Bay Regional Council | 1.45 | | | | | | | |
| 485 Woody Point | -27.26304 | 153.10391 | Moreton Bay Regional Council | 1.36 | | | | | | | |
| 486 Margate | -27.24507 | 153.10690 | Moreton Bay Regional Council | 1.33 | | | | | | | |
| 487 Clontarf | -27.25323 | 153.08198 | Moreton Bay Regional Council | 1.36 | | | | | | | |
| 488 Dohle's Rocks | -27.27838 | 153.03921 | Moreton Bay Regional Council | 1.43 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 489 Brighton | -27.30478 | 153.06272 | Brisbane City Council | 1.39 | | | | | | | |
| 490 Sandgate | -27.31796 | 153.06770 | Brisbane City Council | 1.37 | | | | | | | |
| 491 Shorncliffe | -27.32460 | 153.08242 | Brisbane City Council | 1.37 | | | | | | | |
| 492 Nudgee Beach | -27.34417 | 153.10279 | Brisbane City Council | 1.37 | | | | | | | |
| 493 Cribb Island | -27.35636 | 153.12425 | Brisbane City Council | 1.37 | | | | | | | |
| 494 Myrtletown | -27.39840 | 153.13437 | Brisbane City Council | 1.60 | | | | | | | |
| 495 Brisbane | -27.46783 | 153.02811 | Brisbane City Council | 1.49 | | | | | | | |
| 496 Lytton | -27.42234 | 153.14798 | Brisbane City Council | 1.60 | | | | | | | |
| 497 Wynnum | -27.44377 | 153.17371 | Brisbane City Council | 1.55 | | | | | | | |
| 498 Manly | -27.45427 | 153.18588 | Brisbane City Council | 1.52 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | 1/02/1934 | 1.2 | | |

Map 12: Moreton Bay, Brisbane, Redlands and Gold Coast Coastlines cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm surge (m) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------|-------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 499 Lota | -27.46738 | 153.19231 | Brisbane City Council | 1.52 | | | | | | | |
| 500 Moreton Island (Gnoorganbin) | -27.16855 | 153.40101 | Brisbane City Council | 1.36 | | 29/01/1967 | Dinah | 945 | 0.5 | | |
| 501 Kooringal | -27.34997 | 153.42056 | Brisbane City Council | 1.22 | | | | | | | |
| 502 Tangalooma (Turebin) | -27.17776 | 153.37488 | Brisbane City Council | 1.36 | | | | | | | |
| 503 Cowan Cowan | -27.12585 | 153.36615 | Brisbane City Council | 1.36 | | | | | | | |
| 504 Bulwer | -27.07863 | 153.36977 | Brisbane City Council | 1.19 | | | | | | | |
| 505 Cape Moreton | -27.02786 | 153.46691 | Brisbane City Council | 1.19 | | | | | | | |
| 506 St Helena (Noogoon) | -27.38949 | 153.23367 | Brisbane City Council | 1.55 | | | | | | | |
| 507 Thorneside | -27.48732 | 153.19751 | Redland City Council | 1.52 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 508 Birkdale | -27.49126 | 153.21865 | Redland City Council | 1.52 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 509 Wellington Point | -27.46591 | 153.24031 | Redland City Council | 1.51 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 510 Ormiston | -27.51193 | 153.25585 | Redland City Council | 1.54 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 511 Cleveland | -27.52698 | 153.26709 | Redland City Council | 1.54 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 512 Victoria Point | -27.58170 | 153.31776 | Redland City Council | 1.55 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 513 Redland Bay | -27.60064 | 153.31243 | Redland City Council | 1.55 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |

Map 12: Moreton Bay, Brisbane, Redlands and Gold Coast Coastlines cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm surge (m) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|---|-----------|-----------|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------|-------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 514 Lamb Island | -27.62618 | 153.37970 | Redland City Council | 1.54 | | | | | | | |
| 515 Coochiemudlo Island | -27.57037 | 153.33302 | Redland City Council | 1.54 | National Storm Tide Map | | | | | | |
| 516 Karragarra Island | -27.03729 | 153.37007 | Redland City Council | 1.56 | | | | | | | |
| 517 Macleay Island | -27.61472 | 153.35672 | Redland City Council | 1.57 | | | | | | | |
| 518 Russell Island | -27.67530 | 153.38502 | Redland City Council | 1.57 | | | | | | | |
| 519 Peel Island (Turkroar) | -27.49777 | 153.35532 | Redland City Council | 1.55 | | | | | | | |
| 520 North Stradbroke Island (Minjerribah) | -27.58880 | 153.45406 | Redland City Council | 1.48 | | | | | | | |
| 521 Dunwich | -27.49924 | 153.40246 | Redland City Council | 1.40 | | | | | | | |
| 522 Amity Point | -27.39526 | 153.44113 | Redland City Council | 1.22 | | | | | | | |
| 523 Flinders Beach | -27.39289 | 153.45905 | Redland City Council | 1.16 | | | | | | | |
| 524 Cylinder Beach | -27.42622 | 153.52579 | Redland City Council | 1.16 | | | | | | | |
| 525 Point Lookout | -27.43643 | 153.54569 | Redland City Council | 1.16 | | | | | | | |
| 526 Jumpinpin | -27.74203 | 153.43890 | Gold Coast City Council | 1.19 | | | | | | | |
| 527 Cabbage Tree Point | -27.73448 | 153.35806 | Gold Coast City Council | 1.44 | | | | | | | |
| 528 Jacobs Well | -27.78053 | 153.36211 | Gold Coast City Council | 1.29 | | | | | | | |

Map 12: Moreton Bay, Brisbane, Redlands and Gold Coast Coastlines cont.

| Point | Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm surge (m) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|-------|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------------|----------------------------|---------|------------|-------|---|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 529 | Hope Island | -27.86556 | 153.36112 | Gold Coast City Council | 1.10 | | | | | | | |
| 530 | South Stradbroke Island | -27.83334 | 153.42227 | Gold Coast City Council | 1.15 | | | | | | | |
| 531 | Tipplers Island | -27.78085 | 153.42977 | Gold Coast City Council | 1.10 | | | | | | | |
| 532 | Couran | -27.82467 | 153.41234 | Gold Coast City Council | 1.05 | | | | | | | |
| 533 | Currigee | -27.83333 | 153.43333 | Gold Coast City Council | 1.12 | | | | | | | |
| 534 | Coombabah | -27.90004 | 153.38624 | Gold Coast City Council | 0.80 | | | | | | | |
| 535 | Paradise Point | -27.88583 | 153.39445 | Gold Coast City Council | 1.05 | | | | | | | |
| 536 | Hollywell | -27.90070 | 153.40135 | Gold Coast City Council | 1.12 | | | | | | | |
| 537 | Anglers Paradise | -27.92533 | 153.39923 | Gold Coast City Council | 1.10 | | | | | | | |
| 538 | Runaway Bay | -27.91191 | 153.39867 | Gold Coast City Council | 1.10 | | | | | | | |
| 539 | Labrador | -27.94789 | 153.39833 | Gold Coast City Council | 1.11 | | | | | | | |
| 540 | Southport | -27.96732 | 153.41451 | Gold Coast City Council | 1.21 | | 29/01/1967 | Dinah | 945 | 1.5 | | |
| 541 | Gold Coast Seaway | -27.93582 | 153.42583 | Gold Coast City Council | 1.15 | | 17/03/1993 | Roger | 985 | 0.7 | 1.3 | |
| 542 | The Spit | -27.94646 | 153.42718 | Gold Coast City Council | 1.15 | | | | | | | |
| 543 | Main Beach | -27.97834 | 153.42973 | Gold Coast City Council | 1.15 | | | | | | | |

Map 12: Moreton Bay, Brisbane, Redlands and Gold Coast Coastlines cont.

| Point Name | Lat. | Lon. | LGA | HAT (m) above AHD | Remarks | Date | Event | Reference Central Pressure (hPa) | Storm surge (m) | Storm Tide Level (m) AHD | Inundation Above HAT (m) |
|----------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------------|-------------------|---------|------------|-------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 544 Surfers Paradise | -28.00222 | 153.43141 | Gold Coast City Council | 1.15 | | | | | | | |
| 545 Broadbeach | -28.02250 | 153.43444 | Gold Coast City Council | 1.14 | | | | | | | |
| 546 Mermaid Beach | -28.04111 | 153.43805 | Gold Coast City Council | 1.14 | | | | | | | |
| 547 Miami | -28.06758 | 153.44469 | Gold Coast City Council | 1.14 | | | | | | | |
| 548 Burleigh Heads | -28.09169 | 153.45918 | Gold Coast City Council | 1.14 | | | | | | | |
| 549 Tallebudgera | -28.10002 | 153.46278 | Gold Coast City Council | 1.21 | | | | | | | |
| 550 Palm Beach | -28.11861 | 153.47278 | Gold Coast City Council | 1.13 | | | | | | | |
| 551 Currumbin | -28.12056 | 153.48861 | Gold Coast City Council | 1.13 | | | | | | | |
| 552 Tugun | -28.14222 | 153.49612 | Gold Coast City Council | 1.13 | | | | | | | |
| 553 Bilinga | -28.15472 | 153.50667 | Gold Coast City Council | 1.13 | | | | | | | |
| 554 Kirra | -28.16701 | 153.53218 | Gold Coast City Council | 1.13 | | 7/02/1974 | Fam | 965 | 0.4 | | |
| 555 Coolangatta | -28.16673 | 153.53746 | Gold Coast City Council | 1.13 | | 21/02/1954 | | 973 | >1 | 2 | |

Appendix E - Storm Tide Warning and Graphic Locations

For each location the following information is given:

- (a) **Highest Astronomical Tide (HAT) above Australian Height Datum (AHD) or Mean Sea Level (MSL)**
- (b) **Theoretical Maximum Storm Tide (TMST) above Australian Height Datum (AHD).**

Indicative TMST and HAT values provided are based on the nearest and highest TMST point value identified within the NDRP Storm Tide Hazard Interpolation Study, 2014.

| Nearest Point (App D) | Name | Lat. | Lon. | Hat m AHD | TMST m AHD |
|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|-------------------|
| 1 | Mornington Island | -16.67080 | 139.13700 | 1.91 | 6.00 |
| 8 | Albert River | -17.50890 | 139.77800 | 2.81 | 10.00 |
| 11 | Karumba | -17.45199 | 140.78900 | 2.70 | 15.00 |
| 17 | Pormpuraaw | -14.91770 | 141.59000 | 1.88 | 8.00 |
| 19 | Aurukun | -13.34950 | 141.60730 | 1.60 | 8.00 |
| 21 | Weipa | -12.65480 | 141.81780 | 1.63 | 7.00 |
| 22 | Mapoon | -11.96750 | 141.91500 | 1.63 | 8.00 |
| 32 | Thursday Island | -10.58670 | 142.22000 | 2.09 | 7.65 |
| 35 | St Pauls | -10.20000 | 142.33340 | 2.16 | 6.50 |
| 36 | Kubin | -10.25000 | 142.21670 | 2.03 | 6.16 |
| 38 | Boigu Island | -9.23330 | 142.20000 | 2.76 | 8.34 |
| 39 | Dauan Island | -9.41660 | 142.55000 | 2.09 | 7.88 |
| 41 | Ugar | -9.51660 | 143.53340 | 2.09 | 4.79 |
| 44 | Iama | -9.90000 | 142.76670 | 2.14 | 4.84 |
| 58 | Lockhart River | -12.81140 | 143.36710 | 1.72 | 9.40 |
| 67 | Lizard Island | -14.65440 | 145.43710 | 1.58 | 3.56 |
| 74 | Cooktown | -15.44390 | 145.24520 | 1.72 | 7.63 |
| 78 | Bloomfield | -15.90620 | 145.36910 | 1.68 | 6.94 |
| 91 | Port Douglas | -16.47960 | 145.48170 | 1.78 | 7.30 |
| 100 | Palm Cove | -16.72520 | 145.68950 | 1.68 | 5.79 |
| 111 | Cairns | -16.90350 | 145.78750 | 1.85 | 8.07 |
| 112 | Green Island | -16.75390 | 145.97970 | 1.73 | 4.79 |
| 123 | Yarrabah | -16.86820 | 145.88530 | 1.76 | 5.36 |
| 125 | Flying Fish Point | -17.49360 | 146.07700 | 1.84 | 6.43 |
| 135 | Clump Point | -17.84740 | 146.13370 | 1.90 | 7.07 |
| 145 | Cardwell | -18.25430 | 146.04300 | 2.30 | 11.16 |
| 149 | Lucinda | -18.51920 | 146.34640 | 2.12 | 8.69 |
| 152 | Palm Island | -18.74010 | 146.54870 | 2.10 | 7.77 |
| 171 | Nelly Bay | -19.17300 | 146.86380 | 2.10 | 9.77 |
| 179 | Townsville | -19.23790 | 146.82410 | 2.23 | 11.23 |
| 189 | Alva | -19.45410 | 147.48710 | 1.98 | 7.98 |

| Nearest Point (App D) | Name | Lat. | Lon. | Hat m AHD | TMST m AHD |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|-------------------|
| 200 | Molongle Creek | -19.82320 | 147.69080 | 1.98 | 10.46 |
| 203 | Abbot Point | -19.86630 | 148.09300 | 1.97 | 8.22 |
| 209 | Bowen | -20.02440 | 148.24290 | 1.96 | 8.53 |
| 212 | Brisk Bay | -20.08900 | 148.29490 | 1.96 | 8.35 |
| 218 | Dingo Beach | -20.08820 | 148.50950 | 1.99 | 7.86 |
| 225 | Airlie Beach | -20.26370 | 148.70890 | 2.27 | 7.84 |
| 232 | Hayman Is | -20.06070 | 148.88170 | 2.40 | 5.91 |
| 240 | Hamilton Marina | -20.34240 | 148.94780 | 2.69 | 7.06 |
| 243 | Conway Beach | -20.49170 | 148.76810 | 3.33 | 11.69 |
| 251 | Laguna Quays | -20.59160 | 148.68350 | 3.46 | 12.60 |
| 280 | Mackay | -21.14700 | 149.22340 | 3.68 | 11.07 |
| 288 | Hay Point | -21.27730 | 149.30740 | 3.81 | 11.12 |
| 307 | St Lawrence | -22.29180 | 149.60410 | 5.07 | 14.71 |
| 312 | Broad Sound | -22.51110 | 149.95040 | 5.10 | 15.64 |
| 318 | Shoalwater Bay | -22.55200 | 150.56120 | 4.40 | 11.04 |
| 328 | Great Keppel Island | -23.19480 | 150.91670 | 2.64 | 8.42 |
| 329 | Yeppoon | -23.13340 | 150.78640 | 2.78 | 9.93 |
| 347 | Port Alma | -23.58090 | 150.85720 | 3.04 | 11.93 |
| 354 | Gladstone | -23.83630 | 151.26820 | 2.50 | 9.04 |
| 370 | Agnes Water | -24.19210 | 151.91070 | 1.96 | 6.21 |
| 381 | Burnett Heads | -24.78780 | 152.45610 | 2.00 | 6.90 |
| 407 | Urangan | -25.27700 | 152.89540 | 2.28 | 8.90 |
| 434 | Rainbow Beach | -25.89980 | 153.11440 | 1.25 | 4.96 |
| 436 | Cooloola Beach | -26.06640 | 153.14570 | 1.21 | 4.46 |
| 442 | Noosa Heads | -26.35500 | 153.09190 | 1.16 | 4.52 |
| 457 | Mooloolaba | -26.67910 | 153.13060 | 1.18 | 4.45 |
| 468 | Golden Beach | -26.82220 | 153.12620 | 1.07 | 4.42 |
| 483 | Scarborough Boat Harbour | -27.19160 | 153.10600 | 1.27 | 4.86 |
| 496 | Brisbane River | -27.37570 | 153.16170 | 1.53 | 5.61 |
| 513 | Redland Bay | -27.60580 | 153.30750 | 1.56 | 6.20 |
| 540 | Southport | -27.95410 | 153.41590 | 1.15 | 4.10 |
| 543 | Main Beach | -27.96600 | 153.43570 | 1.15 | 4.08 |
| 555 | Coolangatta | -28.16400 | 153.53000 | 1.13 | 3.98 |

Appendix F - Useful Storm Tide References

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Appendix G - Useful Web Sites

Australian Bureau of Meteorology – Tropical Cyclone Advices and Track Maps
<http://www.bom.gov.au/weather/cyclone>

Australian Bureau of Meteorology – Storm Surge Preparedness and Safety
<http://www.bom.gov.au/cyclone/about/stormsurge.shtml>

Disaster Management Act 2003
<http://www.legislation.qld.gov.au/LEGISLTN/ACTS/2003/03AC091.pdf>

Disaster management arrangements in Queensland
http://www.disaster.qld.gov.au/About_Disaster_Management/DM_arrangments.html

Queensland Evacuation Guidelines
http://www.disaster.qld.gov.au/Disaster-Resources/Documents/2907EMQ_SDMG QLD_Evac%20Guide_web.pdf

Disaster Management Strategic Policy Framework
http://www.disaster.qld.gov.au/Disaster-Resources/Documents/Disaster_Management_Strategic_Policy_Framework.pdf

Emergency Management Australia
<http://www.ag.gov.au/emergencymanagement/Pages/default.aspx>

Queensland Fire and Emergency Services
<https://www.qfes.qld.gov.au/>

National Storm Tide Mapping Model for Emergency Response
<http://www.disaster.qld.gov.au/Disaster-Resources/Documents/Final%20Report%2029%20May%2003.pdf>

Queensland Natural Disaster Relief and Recovery Arrangements
http://disaster.qld.gov.au/Financial%20Support/Documents/Queensland_Disaster_Relief_and_Recovery_Arrangements_Guidelines2.pdf

Queensland Climate Change and Community Vulnerability to Tropical Cyclones report series (2004)
<http://www.longpaddock.qld.gov.au/about/publications/vulnerabilitytocyclones/index.html>

Standard Emergency Warning Signal Guidelines
<http://www.disaster.qld.gov.au/Disaster-Resources/Documents/Standard%20Emergency%20Warning%20Signal%20SEWS.pdf>

State Disaster Management Group Annual Reports
<http://www.disaster.qld.gov.au/Disaster-Resources/Reports.html>

State Emergency Services
www.emergency.qld.gov.au/ses

Storm Tide Gauge Network – Department of Science, Information Technology, Innovation and the Arts
<http://www.qld.gov.au/tides>

Tropical Cyclone Tracking Map
<http://www.bom.gov.au/cyclone/about/plotting.shtml>

Wave monitoring - Department of Science, Information Technology, Innovation and the Arts <http://www.qld.gov.au/waves>

Appendix H - Maps and Figures Contained in this Document

Maps

| Page No. | Map No. | Map Title |
|-----------------|----------------|---|
| 32 | 1 | The Gulf of Carpentaria Coastline. |
| 34 | 2 | Cape York Coastline. |
| 39 | 3 | Cairns Coastline. |
| 43 | 4 | Cassowary Coastline. |
| 46 | 5 | Hinchinbrook, Townsville and Burdekin Coastlines. |
| 51 | 6 | Whitsunday Coastline. |
| 56 | 7 | Mackay Coastline. |
| 61 | 8 | Isaac and Rockhampton Coastlines. |
| 65 | 9 | Gladstone Coastline. |
| 68 | 10 | Bundaberg and Fraser Coast Coastlines. |
| 73 | 11 | Gympie and Sunshine Coast Coastlines. |
| 77 | 12 | Moreton Bay, Redlands and Gold Coast Coastlines. |

Figures

| Page No. | Figure No. | Figure Title |
|-----------------|-------------------|--|
| 7 | 1a | Depiction of 'normal' high tide, and a 'storm tide'. |
| 7 | 1b | Time series of a typical storm tide. |
| 8 | 2 | Queensland Disaster Management Arrangements structure. |
| 10 | 3 | Agency relationships within Queensland's disaster management arrangements. |
| 13 | 4 | Sample Tropical Cyclone Forecast Track Map. |
| 15 | 5 | Storm Tide Warning-Response System timeline. |
| 16 | 6 | Sample Storm Tide Warning Graphic. |
| 17-18 | 7 | An example of a Storm Tide Warning. |
| 25 | 8a | Semidiurnal tidal planes. |
| 25 | 8b | Diurnal tidal planes. |
| 26 | 9 | DSITI Storm Tide Gauge Network and Wave Buoy Locations. |
| 30 | 10 | Sample forecast track map showing 72 and 120 hour forecast positions as displayed in the Bureau's Meteye viewer. |



Tropical Cyclone Storm Tide Warning

Queensland quick reference guide
2015/16 wet season



Queensland Tropical Cyclone Storm Tide Warning—Response System Handbook (12th edition, 2015)

Earlier issue of Storm Tide Warnings—now issued in conjunction with first declaration of a cyclone watch zone, giving up to 48 hours' notice.
Storm Tide Standby Bulletin no longer issued.

Worst case scenario definition change—see note 1 overleaf, and paragraph 3.9 of the 2015 handbook.

Forecast track scenario remains unchanged—see paragraph 3.10 of the 2015 handbook.

Increased number of warning locations—up to 10, from list agreed pre-season.

Wave setup in its own column for ease of reading.

Storm Tide Warning

Issued at 5:24 am EST on Thursday 19 March 2015.

NOT FOR DIRECT RELEASE TO THE MEDIA OR THE GENERAL COMMUNITY

FOR URGENT ATTENTION

- State Disaster Coordination Centre (SDCC)
- District Disaster Coordinators at: CAIRNS
- Local Government Offices in the threatened zone

FOR INFORMATION

- Police Communications Centre Brisbane
- QFES Regional Directors in the threatened zone

SITUATION

Severe Tropical Cyclone Noname, category 3, is moving westwards towards the coast. The system is expected to develop into a category 4 system during Thursday and cross the coast between Cape Melville and Cape Tribulation on Friday morning. The worst case scenarios allow for the cyclone to intensify slightly more than expected, and slow down, such that the landfall is closer to or on Friday morning's high tide. Worst case predictions for locations south of Cooktown assume a crossing well to the north but inside the grey zone indicated on the forecast track map. In all cases the highest water level is expected to occur with Friday morning's high tide rather than at coastal crossing time.

STORM TIDE: WORST CASE SCENARIO

| Location | Tide (m above LAT) | Storm Surge (m) | Wave Setup (m) | Storm Tide (m above LAT) | Storm Tide (m above AHD) | Storm Tide (m above HAT) |
|--------------|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Cooktown | 3.0m 8:52 AM 20 Mar | 2.0 | 0.5 | 5.5 | 4.0 | 2.3 |
| Port Douglas | 3.2m 8:55 AM 20 Mar | 1.2 | 0.3 | 4.7 | 3.2 | 1.4 |
| Cairns | 3.3m 9:05 AM 20 Mar | 0.9 | 0.3 | | | |

Storm tide = normal tide + storm surge + wave setup

Compare the **worst case** and **forecast track** scenario estimates for a location to assess range of possibilities.

STORM TIDE: FORECAST TRACK SCENARIO

| Location | Tide (m above LAT) | Storm Surge (m) | Wave Setup (m) | Storm Tide (m above LAT) | Storm Tide (m above AHD) | Storm Tide (m above HAT) |
|--------------|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Cooktown | 3.0m 8:43 AM 20 Mar | 0.3 | 0.2 | 3.5 | 2.0 | 0.3 |
| Port Douglas | 3.2m 8:55 AM 20 Mar | 0.2 | 0.2 | 3.6 | 2.0 | 0.2 |
| Cairns | 3.3m 9:00 AM | 0.2 | 0.1 | 3.6 | 2.0 | 0.1 |

Three reference datums—storm tide heights are listed relative to all three commonly used reference datums (LAT, AHD and HAT).

Notes

1. The "Worst Case Scenario" storm tide heights are based on the locations in question experiencing a combination of conditions, within the bounds of forecast uncertainty, to produce a larger storm tide from a slightly more intense cyclone with a centre within the range of possibilities as depicted by the grey area on the most recent TC Forecast Track Map. Generally this would mean the cyclone impacting close to the location, such that it experiences maximum onshore winds at a time near to or at the local high tide. The storm surge and storm tide figures presented in this table generally do not represent the most likely outcome, which is represented by the "Forecast Track Scenario".
2. The contribution due to wave set-up has been included. Storm tide = normal tide + storm surge + wave setup.
3. The additional contribution due to wave run-up has not been included. See para 3.25 of the Handbook.
4. LAT is the Lowest Astronomical Tide (published tide tables use this reference datum)
5. HAT is the Highest Astronomical Tide
6. AHD is the Australian Height Datum

ONSET OF DAMAGING WINDS

Wind gusts expected to exceed 100 kilometres per hour are expected at:

| Location | Earliest Onset Time (local) | Forecast Track Onset Time (local) |
|--------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Cooktown | 19 Mar 2:00 PM | 19 Mar 8:00 PM |
| Port Douglas | 19 Mar 5:00 PM | 19 Mar 10:00 PM |
| Cairns | 20 Mar 3:00 AM | Not expected |

Example
Only

Onset of damaging winds—range of times now provided, from earliest expected time, to time associated with the forecast track scenario.

Update frequency—Issued six-hourly during cyclone watch stage but no more than three-hourly during cyclone warning stage. See paragraph 3.12 of the 2015

Observed Tides

See www.qld.gov.au/tides
The next Storm Tide Warning will be issued by 9am EST Thursday 19 March 2015.

Further details are available from the following sources:

1. Tropical Cyclone forecasts and warnings
QFES Meteorologist - Telephone (07) 3635 xxxx / (07) 3239 xxxx
Bureau of Meteorology - Telephone (07) 3239 xxxx
2. Technical aspects of the Storm Tide
SDCC(DSITI) - Telephone 04xx xxx xxx
Telephone numbers are restricted to official use only.

Further information on technical considerations and local effects can be found in the Tropical Cyclone Storm Tide Warning—response system handbook at:
<http://disaster.qld.gov.au/Disaster-Resources/Documents/Storm-Tide-Handbook.pdf>

Tropical Cyclone Storm Tide Warnings—location list for 2015/16 season

Up to ten locations from the list below may be included in a Tropical Cyclone Storm Tide Warning. Each location will also have an associated storm tide graphic.

Additional location details are available in Appendix E of the handbook.

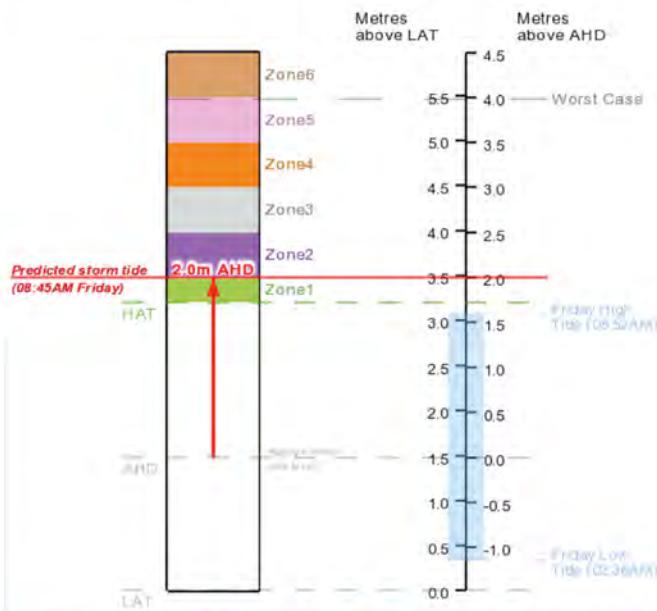
| Districts | | | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|----------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Mount Isa | Cairns | Innisfail | Townsville | Mackay | Rockhampton | Gladstone |
| Mornington Island | Pompuraaw | Flying Fish Point | Lucinda | Abbot Point | Broad Sound | Gladstone |
| Karumba | Aurukun (Archer River) | Clump Point | Palm Island | Bowen | Shoalwater Bay | Agnes Water |
| Albert River | Weipa | Cardwell | Townsville | Brisk Bay | Yeppoon | |
| | Mapoon | | Nelly Bay | Dingo Beach | Great Keppel Island | |
| | Thursday Island | | Alva | Airlie Beach | | |
| | Moa-Kubin | | Molongle Creek | Conway Beach | Port Alma | |
| | Moa-St Pauls | | | | Hayman Island | |
| | Boigu | | | | Hamilton Island | |
| | Dauan | | | | Laguna Quay | |
| | Ugar | | | | Mackay | |
| | Iama | | | | Hay Point | |
| | Lockhart River | | | | St Lawrence | |
| | Lizard Island | | | | | |
| | Cooktown | | | | | |
| | Bloomfield | | | | | |
| | Port Douglas | | | | | |
| | Palm Cove | | | | | |
| | Cairns Harbour | | | | | |
| | Green Island | | | | | |
| | Yarrabah | | | | | |
| Bundaberg | Maryborough | Gympie | Sunshine Coast | Redcliffe | Brisbane | Gold Coast |
| Burnett Heads | Urangan | Rainbow Beach | Noosa Heads | Scarborough Boat Harbour | Brisbane River Redland Bay | Southport (inside Broadwater) Main Beach Coolangatta Beach |
| | | Cooloola Beach | Mooloolaba | | | |
| | | | Golden Beach | | | |

Storm Tide Warning graphics now available for each warning location – access via State Disaster Coordination Centre (SDCC) registered user web page (reg.bom.gov.au). Contact SDCC for username and password.

Example Only

Storm Tide Warning for Cooktown

Issued Thursday 05:24AM EST 19/03/2015



Storm tide

2.0 m AHD at 08:45AM Friday (3.5 m LAT)

Storm surge

0.3 m

Wave setup

0.1 m

Friday high tide

1.59 m AHD at 08:52AM (3.07 m LAT)

Friday low tide

-1.14 m AHD at 02:36 AM (0.34 m LAT)

HAT

1.72 m AHD (3.2 m LAT)

Worst case

3.98 m AHD (5.46 m LAT)

AHD

1.48 m LAT

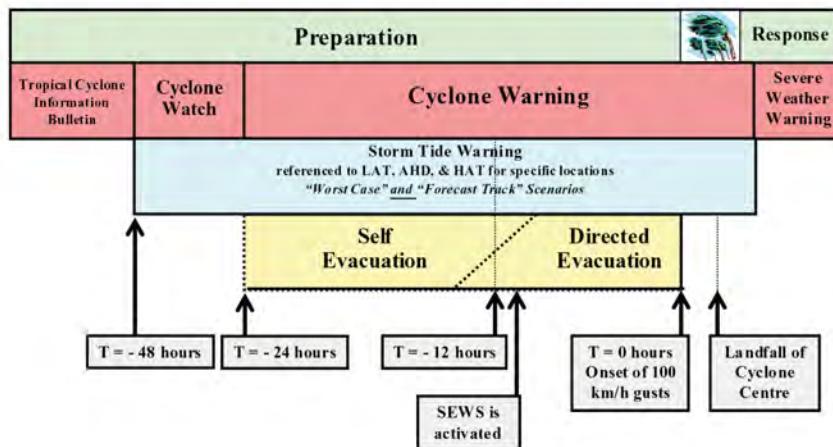
The storm tide warning response system remains directly linked to the tropical cyclone warning system.

This diagram shows how the two systems work together.

Storm Tide Warning – Response System

Storm Tide = Storm Surge + Normal Tide + Wave Setup

Although the warning issue timeline is based on the forecast onset of 100 km/h wind gusts, a more flexible approach is adopted in practice to avoid conducting directed evacuations at night.



CONTACT US:

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